SAN FRANCISCO.
W. SPAULDING
...thing & Repairing
TABLISHMENT,
19 Fremont street be-
Front and Battery.
AN FRANCISCO.
SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH
serted in circular saws.
RING, in all its branches, such as Gum
-Toothing, Straightening, etc.
LAR SAWS of all sizes; also Cross-cut,
Sang, Butch, Butcher, and Band-saws of
gether with a good assortment of Saw A
lowest market rates.
eel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULD
TERS always on hand, or made to order
ction.
—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
den Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are
thorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and
sent through them by telegraph or other
be filled at same rates as if sent to us d
MEDICAL.
TH: UNFORTUNATE
FR ESH DISCOVERIES! NEW REMEDIES!
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY STREET,
COR. COMMERCIAL,
San Francisco, Cal. Established in
1854, for the treatment of Seminal
and Sexual Diseases, such as
Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture,
Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal
Weakness, Impotency, etc. Also
Diseases (of years standing) and
Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.
GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing to
returned from visiting the principal
s of Europe, and has resumed p...
623 Kearney street, corner
ncisco, where his old patients
his services may find him.
octor has spared neither time
ney nor remedies, and has
l facilities for the alleviation
Horrible Disease
many thousands of pa-
are there who are suffer-
e fatal effects of yer-
s absorbed into the
emaining seal and disfig-
lown constitutions, de-
nds of mercurial destruction
ercial adulteration shunned
e scene. Let parents, guar-
those who are suffering
life-destroying malady
ediately consult Dr. H.
lately DR. GIBBON, a phys
ertain disease his especial st
n is certain to cure the most in
patient, or any
n those who have
ed in the Wells
are effected by his
ing the diseased
ctor pretended
ful thing their skill in
days, stopping upon the
ney, and then into the
ances. He never pre-
or you may run into the
ly to him that he was cure
by either of the San Francisc
Married Men,
who are contemplating marriage, who are suf-
fer any of those painful results arising
the sacred responsibility resting upon them
ediate relief.
GIBBON is responsible, and will enter into
ent, binding in every
edical and permanent cure, or makes
Caution to the Unfortunate.
e of the San Francisco papers and ph
who, with long-a-sworn testimonials, pro
ney become of the self-styled Doctors
are to be found in the daily and week
papers. Dr. Gibbon's
ctice is confined to
ne and became too lazy to work at the
some are dissipating shoemakers, newspaper
n, intelligence office keepers, etc. The only
ctor who publishes his name, makes legality
nothing and may save you many years
everything physicians in right cases will
ing. There is no safety in trusting any
t you know who and what they are, as
are not to be responsible for
certificates pretended patients' letters, etc.,
n all saloon keepers who never call with
but ability to treat diseases that he profess
Cured at Home.
ns at a distance may be CURED AT HOME
rresponding a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating
ir cases fully. In most cases one month's
ment is sufficient for a perfect cure. All
dicines promptly forwarded, free from
and curiosity, to any part of the country,
plain directions. By inclosing fifty
ollars, or registered letter, medicines will be
through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of
ine will be forwarded to any part of the
All communications strictly confidential.
ffice hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Consultation
onsultation Free. Office, 623 Kearney street,
ween Commercial, Post-office Box 1,957,
NCISCO.
REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE LET-
ers will please inform
the Post-office address
LEGAL NOTICES.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy.
matter of Joseph Kellogg, Bankrupt.
is given that a petition has been filed
the above-named Joseph Kellogg, praying
discharge and certificate thereof, free
debts and liabilities and other claims
him, which petition will be heard before
Court, at Portland, in said District, on the
day of March, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M.
ere H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy,
his office in Portland, in said District,
all persons who may attend and show
why they have, why the prayer of said
should not be granted.
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—
District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy.—In
matter of C. H. Kellogg, bankrupt. Notice is
given that a petition has been filed in the
of said C. H. Kellogg, duly declared bankrupt under
Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge
certificate thereof, from all his debts and other
claims provable under said Act; and
Eleventh day of March, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
fore the Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in
Portland, in said District, when and where any
may attend and show cause, if any they have, why
prayer of said petition should not be granted.
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—
District of Oregon.—Notice in Bankruptcy.—In the
matter of C. Kellogg, bankrupt. Notice is hereby
given that a petition has been filed in said District
by C. H. Kellogg, duly declared bankrupt under the
Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge
certificate thereof, from all his debts and other
claims provable under said Act; and that the
Eleventh day of March, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
hearing of the same before H. H. Northup, Esq.,
Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in Portland,
said District, when and where any creditors may
and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer
said petition should not be granted.
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.
DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED
for the District of Oregon. Notice of As-
signment. In the matter of Joseph Kellogg,
Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. District of Oregon, ss.
is appointment. District of Oregon, ss. On this 3d day of February, A.
D. 1875, before me, the undersigned, a Commissioner of the District Court of the United States, in and for the District of Oregon, duly appointed and authorized to take proofs of debts, and to act upon petitions, orders and other papers in bankruptcy, which may be presented for that purpose by creditors of Joseph Kellogg, of Portland, in said District, who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, and to whom the matter of said bankrupt's estate has been referred, personally came before me, at my office in said District, the said Joseph Kellogg, and submitted to me his petition in writing, praying that he may be allowed to make and file a schedule of his debts, and that he may have the benefit of the provisions of the Acts of Congress relating to bankrupts, and that he may be duly discharged from his debts pursuant to the said Acts. Now, therefore, I do hereby appoint the 9th day of March, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office in said District, in the city of Portland, before me, the undersigned, a Commissioner as aforesaid, the time and place for the said bankrupt to appear and submit his said petition, and for his creditors who have proved their debts to attend at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted; and I direct notice thereof to be published in the Portland Oregonian, a newspaper printed in said District, and to be sent by mail to all known creditors, addressed to them at their places of residence, as stated, and that such publication be made and such notices be mailed at least forty days before the said time appointed for the hearing. Given under my hand, at Portland, in said District, the day and year first above written.
JOSEPH HACHMAN,
Assignee.
NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the estate of ISAAC A. DAVENPORT, M.D., deceased, are hereby required to present the same, duly verified, at their office, No. 72 First street, Portland, Oregon, within six months hereof.
HAMILTON BOYD,
H. S. DAVENPORT,
CHAS. E. SITTON,
Executors.
Feb. 4, 1875.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 38. PORTLAND, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.)

Embezzlement by a Partner.

BOSTON, March 18.—S. W. Bennett, book-keeper and small partner in the wholesale millinery house of Prescott, Wood & Co., it is discovered, has been guilty of frequent frauds for several years. He confesses, embezzling funds to the amount of between thirty-three and forty thousand dollars. Since his detection he has twice tried suicide.

Fire at Cairo.

CAIRO, Ill., March 18.—A fire here last night burned a livery stable and 22 horses.

Bridges Carried Away by Ice and Flood.

SUNBURY, Pa., March 18.—The ice here broke last evening and went over the dam, but before the great gorge between here and Danville came, which rapidly soon after, bringing with it several bridges, carried away the public bridge between here and the island, and destroying the splendid one at Northumberland, the only one in North Cumberland. The railroad bridges are safe, having been heavily loaded with coal cars.

Contested Will Case.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Sam Ward, Vestibula Row, was heard in Surrogate court yesterday in proceedings on probate of the will of Sam Ward deceased, who died twenty years ago, and bequeathed $2,000 to these wards: "I give all my earthly estate to my mother. I do not know my father." The mother died sometime afterwards. Contest: The mother died sometime afterwards. Contest: Surrogate's counsel claim that the will was executed under undue influence.

Fatally Shot in a Quarrel.

NEW YORK, March 18.—John Riley and John Monahan, of South Brooklyn, quarreled yesterday and Monahan was fatally shot.

Fearful Snowstorm in the Northwest.

CHICAGO, March 18.—Dispatches report a fearful snowstorm yesterday throughout Iowa and Minnesota, delaying railroad trains and causing much delay in the movement of all kinds. A St. Paul dispatch says all railroads have been blockaded since Monday and lights and the telegraph has been the only means of communication with the outside world.

Horse Notes for Gymnasia.

Messrs. McCord & Malone, of the Fashion Stables, San Francisco, have in this city with about a dozen fine horses recently purchased in Kentucky by them while in San Francisco, several of them being for J. E. Lees's stables. Nearly all the lot are capable of trotting in the thirties, and taken as a whole they are said to be the finest lot of horses ever brought here. They leave for San Francisco this evening.

Gold-stock Chicagoans Victimized.

CHICAGO, March 18.—The *Tribune* says Eph Wilcox and Charley Collins, who arrived here a few days ago to organize a company for the Black Hills, and suddenly on Monday evening, after having secured $5 each from between 500 and 600 persons eager to go to the new Eldorado.

A Circus Man Running for Mayor.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—The Republican city convention to-day unanimously nominated John Robinson, a circus proprietor, for Mayor.

Death from Malpractice.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Mrs. Tyler Curtis, who died from malpractice yesterday, was left here in a lodging house by her husband fifteen months ago with two daughters by her husband, former wife. The two girls, finding their means of support failing, showing signs of greatly straightened circumstances for means of support for her family. Gregory, who is the wealthy son of the late Dudley S. Gregory, learning her situation, immediately offered her necessities. This and their mutual social tastes assumed intimacy and her fall. It is alleged that she is not his first victim. Before her death she claimed that the learned Gregory had published a forged advertisement and sought her services without Gregory's knowledge. It is further stated that her voice attracted a stranger's attention who was having her trained for the operatic stage.

Bank Suspension.

NEW YORK, March 18.—A London dispatch says the General South American Company has suspended. Limited, with a capital of six hundred thousand dollars, has suspended. Another dispatch says the suspension was caused by a large advance made to Isburn & Co.

Gold and Stocks.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Gold closed 113¾. Money 5@6. Government dull and steady. Stocks closed active but weak. W. U. Union 76¾. Quicksilver 32. N. Y. Central 100. Erie 26¾. Wells Fargo 80¾. Pacific 37¾. Panama 114¾. Union Pacific 48¾. Fours 108¾. Central Bonds 97½.

The Kansas Mine Suit.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Kansas Mine Company are required to give five thousand dollars bond for costs, in the suit against Senator Stewart, Trenor W. Park and Henry Baxter, to recover five million dollars paid them for the mine.

THE BEECHER-TILTON TRIAL.

NEW YORK, March 18.—In the Beecher case this morning the first witness was

Charles Forester,

clerk in the New York postoffice, who testified that Mr. Richard Richardson's letter was sent to Deputy Collins in wrappers with the Golden Age, and was stopped by the postoffice authorities, on the ground that it was transient matter, and ought to be sent by transportation.

James Taylor,

general superintendent of the New York postoffice, was next sworn, and, being identified on the same point, when Beach objected to the evidence as immaterial and digressing into side issues, which only occupied the time of the court. The court decided to hear the witness, who testified to the facts stated by Forester, and also to having an interview with Tilton in reference to the matter, which witness contended was not a supplement to the Age. Tilton told him he would consult the postal authorities if they decided against him he would settle the matter. After the authorities decided against him, Tilton sent a note inclosing $100.

Assistant Postoffice Attorney Halliday

was recalled, and continued his testimony. He received a letter from Moulton on the 15th of November, 1872, but had no interview with Moulton on the subject, saying "I know what you want, but I cannot talk to you now. I have to go to New York," and told him to call that evening. He called twice but missed him, but finally saw him and told him he (Tilton) had denied the Woodhull story; but while he made no charges against Beecher, he refused the witness to him. Mrs. Moulton then denied the truth of the scandal. Witness said he (Moulton) had now disproval of the Woodhull scandal, but he was told fifty men had asked him about the truth of the stories against Beecher, and he merely shrugged his shoulders in reply. Moulton replied that they generally came to his partners in regard to it. He then told him to know about Tilton's business, and Moulton replied that Beecher was gullible. Moulton would not allow his wife to attend Plymouth church. If he was a bad man, or allow him to sit at his table.

Witness next went to the interview with Tilton in September, 1874, when he refused him if he would say to the committee of Plymouth church what he had said to individuals about his membership. Tilton said: "Why don't you go for Beecher instead of me?" Witness asked him why he didn't prefer charges against Beecher if there was any foundation for them. He said, what if Beecher was guilty of adultery? Witness asked if he remembered the conversation with him when Bell was present and he said, "Oh, the charges against Beecher are quite irrespective of my wife." Witness next questioned him about the action of the church in December, 1870, in Tilton's case. Witness said a meeting of deacons was held October 26, 1872, Hawkins, White, Mouly, Leach and himself being present.

Witness was about to relate a discussion which occurred at a meeting on the Woodhull scandal, when objection was made. A long discussion ensued and the question was admitted.

Witness said the discussion was had over the scandal, the point being whether the church should take any action on it, and it was decided not to take any action, although one was called for. Subsequently, formal resolutions were passed, but no action was taken any further action on the scandal at all. There was no dissent from this so far as witness knew. Beecher had nothing to do with this action. This closed the direct examination and a recess was taken.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Annoyance of the New Postal Law—It will be Rigidly Enforced.

CHICAGO, March 18.—A Washington special says the express company gouge in the postal law is creating a good deal of annoyance throughout the country. This law will be repealed among the first acts of the next Congress. The postmaster general, in view of the increased rate of postage on transient newspapers, and in order to afford the people in all parts of the country an opportunity to become familiar with the new law, suspended its operation for a month until April 1st, when he will rigidly enforce it, and all newspapers will be detained if insufficiently prepaid. And order to the above effect will be issued by the Postmaster General to postmasters. The action of the Postmaster General is absolutely necessary to prevent the flooding of postoffices with insufficiently paid newspapers. The department is still in receipt of complaints of this embarrassment.

The Mission of the Saranac.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The mission of the U. S. corvette Saranac to Acapulco is merely to ascertain the circumstances of the massacre of American seamen weeks ago, and to protect the interests of American citizens at that and other ports on the western coast. No hostile movements are contemplated.

Republican Caucus on the Louisiana Question.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The Republican senators had a caucus this morning to decide whether or not the Louisiana question shall be again brought up for discussion. There will be no action during the present special session. The particular question was whether the Senate should consider Frelinghuysen's resolution declaring that the Senate opposes the action taken by the President in the recognition of Louisiana from domestic violence and the opinion of the Senate that he should continue to recognize the existing government in that State. There was a long and animated discussion as to the propriety or necessity on party policy of reopening the subject, at present, but no decision was reached. The caucus will meet again after adjournment of the Senate this afternoon.

A Bounty Swindler.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—George M. Emerson *alias* Col. P. W. Fenton, is arrested, charged with attempt to swindle. He had been scattering circulars announcing that the bounty bill had become a law, and if claimants would forward word of service and a small retaining fee, they would be secured their bounty. Answers to the circular with fee required 10 cents, were just beginning to be received.

Great Mortality among Colored People.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The colored ministers of the city have been in consultation with the board of health and citizens' relief committee in regard to means necessary to diminish the present great mortality among negroes.

Some Nominations made and Some Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Geo. H. Keith was nominated to-day for postmaster of Minneapolis. The President to-day withdrew the nomination of ex-Congressman Lowe of Kansas, to Commissioner of Pensions, made yesterday, and nominated him for Chief Justice of Utah Territory in place of ex-Congressman Parker of Missouri, who was nominated for the position on Tuesday, but who is to-day nominated Judge for the western district of Arkansas instead of J. Burnham Kinsman, whose nomination is also to day withdrawn. No new nomination is made for the office of Commissioner of Pensions, which will be vacated by Gen. Negley, who was yesterday nominated for Surveyor General of Minnesota.

SENATE—EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Boutwell called up the resolution submitted by him yesterday, authorizing a special committee to examine the several branches of the civil service with the view of the re-organization of the several departments thereof.

Stevens raised a point of order that it was a matter looking to legislation and of expenditure.

After a discussion, the Senate went into executive session.

The Senate confirmed the nomination of Albert H. Wyman, to be Assistant Treasurer, vice Leroy Tuttle, resigned.

The Hawaiian Treaty.

During the discussion in the Senate to-day on Boutwell's civil service resolution, Hamlin, when he moved that the Senate go into executive session, said it was well understood that an agreement had been made to vote on a certain matter at 3 P. M. to-day, referring to the Hawaiian treaty, and all time previous to that hour was required for discussion.

The Hawaiian Reciprocity Treaty Ratified.

At 4:35 P. M., the Senate ratified the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty by a vote of 53 against 12. The amendments proposed by the foreign relations committee, being those heretofore published, were agreed to.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Bank of England.

LONDON, March 18.—Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £228,000 the past week. The amount of bullion gone back on balance to-day is £2,000. The proposition of the bank reserve to liability, is 40¾ per cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, March 18.—Specie in the Bank of France increased 10 000,000 francs during the past week.

Priests Deprived of the Control of Church Property.

BERLIN, March 18.—In consequence of the petition of the archbishop of Cologne to the Sundtag, against that part of the ecclesiastical bill which gives the people participation in the control of local church property, the Government has had the bill altered so as to deprive priests of any share in the administration of such property.

Immense Revival Meeting—The Press Hostile.

LONDON, March 18.—The attendance and enthusiasm at the revival meetings of Moody and Sankey continues immense. Last night thousands of persons were turned away from the doors. Newspaper and other criticisms of the mission are generally hostile.

CANADA.

The New Bishop of Kingston.

TORONTO, March 17.—Rev. Dr. O'Brien, of Brockville, has been appointed Roman Catholic Bishop of Kingston. His consecration will take place April 16th.

OREGON.

A high toned *bal masque* is arranged for April 1st by prominent Salemites.

A farm, twenty miles southeast of Salem was sold the other day for $20 per acre.

A man with the requisite skill is wanted to engage in the pottery business at Oregon City.

More acres of land have been turned up in Polk county this year than ever in any one season heretofore.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Cosper, of Salem, celebrated the 22d anniversary of their wedding last Wednesday. A family reunion took place, many friends called on them, and all joined in wishing the esteemed couple a long and happy life.

At Lebanon last Wednesday, while assisting in unloading a heavy piece of iron from the cars, Mr. J. Stewart, miller at Corbitt & Macleny's mills at Jefferson, had his foot badly bruised by the falling of one end of the iron on his right foot. The hurt was a painful one, but as no bones were broken, it will not prove a serious one.

The officers of Mountain View Grange, Clackamas county are: Master, W. Offield; Overseer, R. Irvin; Secretary, A. Carmichael; Steward, H. Pope; Assistant Steward, A. W. Riggs; Gate Keeper, M. Brackett; Treasurer, Isaac Clawsor; Female: Ceres, Emily Offield; Flora, Sarah Gribbie; Pomona, Amanda Adkins; Lady Assistant, Caroline Offield.

On Tuesday last the Catholic Society at Gervais received their new 1,400-pound bell from the celebrated foundry of Meneely & Co., Troy, New York. The same evening it was elevated to its position in the steeple of the church recently finished by that denomination. St. Patrick's Day it called the populace together to commemorate the day so dear to every child of Erin.

A letter from Goose Lake to the *Advocate* says stock of all kinds look well and have wintered with little or no feed. The snow has not fallen at any one time more than eleven inches, and only remained about a week. At the present time there is no snow in the valley. The soil of this valley is very productive. I heard one of our farmers say a few days ago that he raised forty bushels of wheat to the acre; and he said one of his near neighbors claimed to have raised forty-three bushels of wheat to the acre.

The *Statesman* learns that four granges—three in the forks of the Santiam, and the other one at Jefferson—have resolved to erect a warehouse during the ensuing summer, at the latter place. The building will be erected on the bank of the Santiam river, below the railroad bridge, so that shippers can avail themselves of river transportation, and will have a capacity for the storage of 100,000 bushels of wheat. It is said that Messrs. Corbitt & Macleay, proprietors of the Jefferson mills, also contemplate the erection of a large warehouse for the storage of grain during the coming season, to be put up near the locality of the grangers' warehouse.

BEST FRUITS FOR DRYING.

O. T. Settle, President of the Alden Drying Company of San Jose, furnishes for the *Rural Press* a list of fruits which have been found to be especially suited to that process of drying:

Apples—Skinner's Seedling, Gravenstein, Smith's Cider, Fall Pippin, Yellow Bellflower.

Pears—Flemish Beauty (superior), Swan's Orange, Glout Morceau, Bartlett: are also good for drying, but are not so easily managed (pared) by machinery.

Plums—Jefferson, Washington, Ickworth's Imperatrice, Columbia, Bradshaw, Rien Claude de Bavoy and Coe's Golden Drop.

Prunes—Fellenberg stands at the head of the list for drying. Petite Prune de Agen, small, sweet prune, is next in order, and by some is thought to be the best. German prunes and Gross Prune de Agen are also fine for drying, but they require pitting.

The steamer *Addie* was snagged and sunk in the Duwamish river on last Thursday, but it is believed she can be raised and repaired without much cost.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

The Last Hours of Vasquez—He Hangs To-Day.

SAN JOSE, March 18.—Preparations for the execution of Vasquez are progressing rapidly. The gallows is already in position at the north end of the jail yard. Every precaution is being taken to make the hanging a certainty. The doomed man is in excellent spirits and is resigned to his fate. He was visited by Father Sorda, a Spanish priest, connected with St. Patrick's church in this city, on Tuesday, Wednesday and this morning, and received spiritual advice tendered at the earnest request of his relatives. Last night Vasquez was interviewed by Sheriff Adams and others. To them he expressed satisfaction with his fate, maintaining that although he himself had never taken life, he, as leader of a band of outlaws, was responsible for their acts. Vasquez retired at 12 o'clock last night, but was unable to sleep. He ate a hearty breakfast to-day, and is cheerful withal. His near relations have been with him most of the time this morning. There is no truth in the sensational report published, to the effect that fifty mounted Spaniards were seen in this vicinity yesterday and that the officers fear an attempt to rescue the prisoner. Everything is quiet and no trouble is anticipated. The execution will take place promptly at half-past one o'clock to-morrow.

SAN JOSE, March 18.—Every preparation has been made for the execution of the bandit Vasquez. Invitations have been issued for as many as the jail yard will contain. Vasquez seems as heartless as ever, except this afternoon when conversing with his sisters, his fortitude gave way for a moment. He has concluded not to speak from the scaffold, but has made a statement which was copied down and will be published after his death. Its purport is the same as that usually given by criminals under similar circumstances. He has requested a glass of wine and a cigar to be given him on the scaffold.

Another Execution To-Day.

MODESTO, Cal., March 18.—To-morrow, unless the governor interferes, William Dona, as he calls himself, will be hung for the willful murder of John Connelly, in the town of Lagrange, on the 21st of December last. Parties have been actively laboring to secure a commutation of the sentence, but so far without effect. This evening his friends at Sacramento telegraphed here, asking that a petition for a reprieve of ten days be signed and forwarded at once, as the governor has declined a similar favor to Vasquez, on the ground that it would only prolong his misery. There seems but little chance of his interference by an interview. To-night the prisoner was very uncommunicative as to his antecedents. He said he was born in Iceland, and was 47 years of age. The efforts made in his case had been communicated to him, and he seemed quite certain of at least a reprieve. On Monday last his cell was changed, as it was found that he had torn two strips about three inches wide off his blanket and twisted them into a rope, doubtless with the intention of committing suicide. He is closely watched now. Father O'Connor, of Stockton, visits him often.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Ophir 91. B & B 453, H & N 46, Imperial 78, Alpha 17¾, Con Va 406, Daney 1¼, Overman 45, Lady Bryan 6¼, Knickerbocker 4, Utah 52, Rock Island 3¾, Mexican 25¼, Savage 113, Point 20, Empire M 5¼, Belcher 34, Nevada 114, Bullion 35, Justice 69, Julia 6, Globe 1¼, 8 Hill 68, G & Curry 174, Challar 54, Jacket 71¼, Kentuck 13¼, Confidence 15, California 55, Exchequer 210, Union 78, Caledonia 17, Baltimore 7, Union 23.

EVENING BOARD.—Valley 3¾, & Eily 41¼, Eureka Con 17¼, Piocho 44, Washington & C 25¢, Am Flag 2¾, Belmont 5, Piocho West 1, Bye Patch 2¼, Prussian 2, Webfoot 80¢, Eu G V 8, Mansfield 13, G Chariot 4¼, Mahogany 9, 8 Chariot 2, War Eagle 41, N Y Con 2¼, Dardanelles 3, Poor Man 3¼, Senator 50¢, Phil Sheridan 1¼, Am Flat 7¼, Woodville 3, Indus 3¼, Kossuth 2¼, G G Hill 1¼, Andes 6¼, Omega 2, Niagara 75¢, Cosmopolitan 45¢.

Greenbacks 86½@87¾.

A Ball in Aid of the Grasshopper Fund.

ONOVILLE, March 18.—At a social dance given here last night over $100 was realized for the benefit of the Kansas and Nebraska sufferers.

Blacksmith Shop Destroyed by Fire.

ANTIOCH, March 18.—A fire broke out this afternoon in the blacksmith and wagon shop of N. Peterson, consuming the shop and residence of Mr. Peterson, adjoining. Loss, about $3,000; partly insured.

The Indian Troubles in Sonora.

SAN DIEGO, March 18.—The *Union's* correspondent from Pres. Sonora, Feb. 20th, says the prefect of Montezuma writes that from 50 to 100 well-armed Apaches were in the vicinity of Mesquitalito. There is no safety to life or property while so large a body of marauders are in the neighborhood. The prefect is raising a body of 60 nationals to rout them from their fastnesses in the Sierras. There has been no loss of life as yet, though people are in constant terror.

ARIZONA.

General News.

YUMA, March 19.—The steamer *Cocopah* left yesterday for the mouth of the river to connect with the *Montana*, due from San Francisco on the 25th.

Col. Barney and others have gone on a trip to Castle Dome and Picacho mines. Reports from both places show that active operations are being pushed forward vigorously, and rich returns are anticipated.

JUDGE POLAND ON THE FORCE BILL.

Judge Poland is a consistent Republican, and here is what he said to the National House of Representatives on the Force bill:

I oppose the first and second sections of the bill because the offenses therein described are not within the power of Congress, and not against the United States. Among the powers granted to Congress by the constitution is that of calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions. "Invasions," in this place, doubtless means that of foreign foe, and by an armed military force. The authority to repel it clearly means to oppose by force, and to use the militia for that purpose. In the 4th section, article 4, the guarantee clause, the duty is devolved upon the National Government to protect the States against invasion; in this clause probably the term invasion might well include an irruption in one State by an armed military force from another State. The protection contemplated is by military force to drive away or destroy the invaders, and not by legislation. If it be admitted that the National Government may, under this clause, make the invasion of a State a crime against the United States, it must be an invasion in reality. It will not do to create an artificial sham invasion by law and punish it by penalties. To make an unlawful intermeddling by two unarmed men against any State officer of State law, "An invasion," within the meaning of the constitution, is a mere sham and farce. Under the first section an ordinary case of resisting an officer becomes an invasion, and so any interference by unlawful means with the due execution of any State law is made an invasion. There is not in my judgment either constitutional power to get up a sham invasion for the purpose of punishing something else by calling it by that name, nor do I believe if we had the power that there can be any necessity for Congress to assume jurisdiction over offenses which are clearly within the purview of State power, and such as are punished by the laws of every State.

Second: The fourth section of the bill provides for punishing State officers for violating State laws. I know of no authority in the constitution which clothes Congress with any such power. I should be glad to have it pointed out. This section imposes no new duty on the State registration officers. The penalties in this section are denounced wholly against violations of the duties prescribed by the State registration law. Whether Congress can impose new duties on a State officer, and punish him for not performing them, is certainly a matter of very grave doubt ever since the decision of supreme court in Prigg vs. Pennsylvania.

Third: Subject to the thirteenth section, authorizing the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*. It is not claimed but that the courts in all parts of the Union are open and in the free exercise of their full legal power and jurisdiction; nor is it claimed but that the executive officers of the law can perform their duties, serve process or make arrests anywhere or everywhere that the laws are not well administered; that judges are partial, or that grand juries or trial juries neglect or disregard their duties. Here is no ground for the suspension of the writ. It has never been supposed to be needful or justifiable to suspend the great writ of personal liberty except in times of great danger and violence, when the officers and tribunals of the law were powerless, or so obstructed as to be practically unable to enforce laws and afford protection to person and property though. I agree that the great changes made by the revolution and the abolition of slavery do not yet run smoothly, and there yet remain many of the bitter dregs of slavery working wrong and violence, yet I see no remedy for them by the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus.

There seems to be great confusion in the minds of many gentlemen as to the effect of a suspension of the writ. It confers no power on the President or any other official to arrest anybody or to try anybody. Its only effect is to prohibit all courts from inquiring into the legality of arrests and imprisonments made under the authority of the Government. Is there any need of thus prohibiting judicial inquiry into the legality of arrests and imprisonments? The reasons ought to be urgent. It has been suggested that the State courts and judges hostile to the enforcement of the national laws can by the use of this writ release everybody arrested by federal officers, but it is now well settled that a State court or judge has no legal jurisdiction to inquire into the validity of arrests made under federal law by federal officers. Federal judges can only exercise the jurisdiction. Is there so great danger that the courts and judges of the nation cannot be trusted? I cannot believe there is any such condition of it. My opposition to this section does not in the slightest degree imply distrust in the prudence or patriotism of the present executive. I would trust him with the power as readily as any President we have had, but the right of the citizen to have the question of his right to personal liberty examined and decided should only be denied when the National safety is itself in peril. The remainder of the bill is substantially the bill reported by the judiciary committee, known as Judge White's bill, and I shall cheerfully support it, but we never dreamed of such remedies as this bill proposes, and for one I cannot support them.

To which Congressman Pierce of Massachusetts, another consistent Republican, adds:

Are we not at the bottom working simply and solely for the continuance of political party supremacy? Are we not aiming, or do not those who advocate this bill aim—if not exclusively, mainly—at party success by this instrumentality? Is not that in fact the motive to the introduction of the bill? Sir, gentlemen know it is. The pretense of redressing personal grievances and protecting individual liberty by this bill is not sufficiently plausible to fool the people of supporters from its criticism. I assert, Mr. Speaker, that we have ample legislation already, sufficiently rigorous and effective laws, to accomplish all that is necessary in the Southern States. The revised statutes not only permit but by implication enjoin upon the President and subordinate authorities the suppression of insurrectionary manifestations, the protection of the States against domestic violence, and the right of citizens in the exercise of suffrage. Why then add to the laws this extreme power, these extreme penalties? Are we mindful that constitutional liberty has meaning or force? Do we consider the States as provinces of the General Government, that we may obtrude upon them at our pleasure our officers civil and military, sending them all through the country with utter disregard for their authorities?

If domestic violence exists in Southern States, the President is empowered to crush it. He has exercised his powers in Louisiana, Arkansas, and other States, and certainly order and tranquility reign in Arkansas and Louisiana.

A SOUTH SEA TRAGEDY.

THE CREW OF AN ENGLISH SHIP OVERPOWERED AND MASSACRED BY NATIVES OF HOWE'S ISLAND.

The Hobart Town *Mercury* of the 21st December, reports that the brig *Wolverine*, from Bird Island, has brought the news of a horrible massacre perpetrated by the natives of Howe's Islands upon the Captain, officers and crew of the brig *James Birney*, of Sydney. The supposed sole survivor of the ship's company is the second officer of the vessel, named William Rhodes who arrived by the *Wolverine*. The following is the second officer's narrative:

The brig *James Birney* left Sydney about the 4th of May last, for the purpose of proceeding to the South Sea Islands to collect beche-de-mer. The vessel was commanded by Captain F. W. Fletcher, whose wife and two children live at Balmain, near Sydney. Mr. Cristopher Kelly, of Balmain, a brother-in-law of Capt. Fletcher, was a passenger by the vessel. The following composed the ship's company: First officer, Joseph Leman, a native of London; second officer, William Rhodes (the survivor), carpenter, John Taylor, a native of Auckland, New Zealand; steward, Robert McEwen, also a native of Auckland; able seamen, Hugh McCleland, son of the second engineer of the steamship *City of Hobart*; John Davis, a native of Gloucester, England; Henry Smythe, a native of Dublin; and a man known as "Charley," and two colored seamen, one a native of Vana Layu, and the other of Banks Group.

After leaving Sydney the brig steered for the Loyalty Group of islands, arriving there about the 15th of May. The vessel on or about the 20th of August arrived at Howe's Group. Stations were at once formed on three islands. The Captain superintended our station, the second mate another, and Davis the remaining one. The chief officer with a good force, remained on board the brig to protect her. The shore parties lived in huts. The most amicable relations existed between the ship's company and the natives of the island, who always appeared without their weapons. The Captain gave orders that all the firearms, with exception of a few weapons, should be left on board the vessel. The Captain took the steam launch and a large boat, having with him, besides colored laborers brought by the vessel, Mr. Kelly, the passenger, and of the crew, Taylor, Smythe and McCleland.

The second officer took a large and a small boat, with a number of colored laborers, also brought in the *James Birney*, but no white men. Davis, one of the crew in charge of a party of similar natives, took a small boat. These parties proceeded to their respective stations, leaving on board the *James Birney*, the chief officer, the steward, "Charley," a seaman, and a dwarf girl, a native of Solomon Islands. Early on the morning of the 10th of August the second officer took six of his men into the bush and left them there to cut firewood. The second officer returned to the hut, and the chief came up to Mr. Rhodes and asked him for some "bacey," and the latter went into the hut and brought out a quantity, which he gave to the chief. Mr. Rhodes then went into the smoke house. On coming out he was holding a conversation with the chief, when he was suddenly seized from behind and pinioned. At the same time he received several blows. This was the signal for all the native party who were with Mr. Rhodes except six, seeking safety in flight. They took possession of the boat, and made for the ship. Simultaneously with the seizure of Mr. Rhodes an attack was made on the hut in which were the six colored laborers who stuck by Mr. Rhodes. They were received at the door by one of the colored laborers, named Williams, who fired a revolver and killed one of their number. The hostile natives who had charge of Mr. Rhodes left him lying upon the ground, and joined forces with their companions in the assault upon the hut. He, however, succeeded in freeing himself, and made a rush for the hut. He seized a revolver and a gun, and fired their contents upon the hostile party, who retreated toward the bush. Mr. Rhodes and his remaining force of six laborers made for the large boat, and pulled to the ship.

On approaching to within a short distance of the vessel they were received by a volley of firearms, and then noticed that the vessel was crowded with natives of the island, who had, during the previous night, boarded the vessel, surprising and killing the first officer and his companions. Mr. Rhodes, having expended the whole of his ammunition, deemed it prudent to retreat, as a fleet of canoes was bearing down toward the vessel from the direction of the islands on which the captain's and Davis' parties were stationed. He was then joined by the other boat containing the colored laborers. Both then pulled for a passage running between two of the islands. About 30 canoes, containing about 100 men, immediately started in chase. The crews of the two boats managed to pull clear of the islands, when the pursuit was abandoned. The crew of the smaller boat was then taken into the larger one, which was steered in the direction of the Solomon islands. The boat then contained 17 souls, who were without provisions and water, with the exception of six biscuits. After enduring great privations for five days the voyagers reached the island of Isabel, Solomon group. The voyagers then worked along the eastern coast of the group, touching at several, but not making any stay, for fear of the natives. Twenty-two days after leaving the *James Birney* the boat arrived at Hadda bay, where the American whaling bark *Benj. Cummings* was lying. Mr. Rhodes and his companions went on board of that vessel, and the Captain, when the vessel left a few days afterward for the Bay of Islands, took them away with him. On her way the vessel called at Stewart's Islands, and while there a native of Honolulu, who had escaped from a captivity among the natives of Howe's Island, said he had heard of no less than six vessels being captured by those natives and their crews massacred. On the 18th ultimo the *Benjamin Cummings* arrived off Bird Island and there observed the brig *Wolverine* lying at anchor. Next morning Mr. Rhodes went on board and asked Captain Walker to give him a passage. The colored laborers who escaped with Mr. Rhodes from the massacre remained on board the vessel. Mr.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 10, 1875.

AN ENGLISH NEWSPAPER PUBLISHES OREGON'S RESOURCES.

The *Labour News*, a paper published in London and which we are informed has a large circulation, is publishing a series of articles on Oregon, in which its advantages as a country for immigrants to settle in are truthfully, and therefore strongly, set forth. Its facts appear to be taken, in the main, from the pamphlet of the Oregon & California Railway Company's land department, but with frequent modifications and with greater carefulness. The circulation of such information extensively cannot fail to prove of great benefit to Oregon, as the only thing wanted to give Oregon a continuous stream of immigration from among the hardy, industrious and frugal husbandmen of Scotland and England is that these people shall be placed in possession of reliable information concerning this country. And there is no more desirable class of population anywhere than that which we get from the British isles. They make honest, thrifty and orderly citizens, and never a burden to the community in which they settle, and always bear with cheerfulness their proportion of the burdens that a community may have to bear. We hope to see in the future a great increase of the immigration into our beautiful country from Scotland and England.

Incidentally it may be interesting to know that the *Labour News* is conducted by a nephew of the gentleman whom the Governor of Oregon appointed emigrant commissioner for the State, in England.

THE BULLETIN'S TELEGRAMS.

The Portland *Bulletin* for a considerable time published a little supplement about the middle of the forenoon of each day containing the dispatches published in the OREGONIAN a few hours before. That was doubtless the best thing the ring organ could do for its readers short of paying for the dispatches and furnishing them to its subscribers in the regular and legitimate way, which the *Bulletin* might have done if it had desired to do so. But even the supplement with stolen dispatches has ceased to appear. It was, to appropriate the happy expression attributed to Mr. Congressman La Dow, "too expensible," to steal the dispatches in that way. They must be stolen, but they must be stolen by some cheaper method. So now the *Bulletin* simply takes the OREGONIAN'S dispatches of the day before and *changes the date so as to make them look like late news, and publishes them* as telegrams to the *Bulletin*. Aware of the gravity of this accusation and feeling that many of our readers will be scarcely prepared to believe that any person could be guilty of such conduct, we will specify the instances of this species of larceny which appeared in the ring organ of yesterday morning, March 18th.

First. The testimony of Thomas M. Cook, in the Tilton-Beecher case, which appeared in the OREGONIAN of the 17th inst., under date of New York, March 16th, was transferred into the *Bulletin* of the 18th, with the date changed from the 18th to the 17th.

Second. The testimony of Assistant Pastor Halliday, of Plymouth, given in court on the 16th and telegraphed the same day to the OREGONIAN, was copied into the *Bulletin* of the 18th with the date changed to the 17th.

Third. The OREGONIAN'S Washington dispatch of the 16th, giving the explanation of the removal of Judge McKean of Utah, which was published by this paper on the 17th, was copied into the *Bulletin* of the 18th, appearing as a telegram to that paper, with the date changed from the 16th to the 17th.

Sandwiched in with these pilfered and mutilated dispatches, appeared, without mutilation, about as much more of the dispatches published in the OREGONIAN of the previous day. This were the *Bulletin's* dispatches made up; but they were headed as Telegrams to the *Bulletin*. The ring organ managers must have as exalted ideas of their obligations to their subscribers as they have shown themselves to have in other matters, connected with journalism. Even their larceny of the dispatches is less despicable than their deceiving and defrauding their own subscribers by a forgery.

A CURIOUS CHAPTER IN THE WILLAMET CONTROVERSY.

In the first number of the *Sunday Welcome*, which appeared last Sunday, Mr. O'Meara treats his readers to two columns of defense of the spurious orthography *Willamette*. It is unnecessary to say that he discusses the question with his usual ease, self-satisfaction and assurance—and with "almost no truth at all." One would hardly suppose after reading this Sabbath day gush in favor of *Willamette* that a few years ago the writer of it was just as confident an advocate of *Wallamet*. But such is the fact. When editor of the *Daily Bulletin*, he wrote an editorial article on that side of the question, and published it in the issue of that paper of July 2, 1870. The article commences with a reference to the great debate in Congress in 1843 upon the motion to terminate the treaty of joint occupation of Oregon, and contains citations from speeches of the members printed in the *Congressional Globe*, in which the name is uniformly spelled *Wallamette*—the a in the first syllable having the broad sound as in the *kanaka* word oh-me-a-ra. Then follows a discussion of the origin and orthography of the name, which we quote, italicising portions:

> It is noteworthy that in the above extracts the spelling of the name of our great valley is different from that adopted at this day by the two classes who have, within a few years, made its orthography the subject of much contention. It is spelled neither "Willamette" nor "Wallamet," but "Wallamette." This orthography, while it presumes the *sound*, of "Wallamet," has what we may term the Frenchified termination of "Wallamette." And while we do not propose to appropriate a great deal of space in these columns to a discussion of this subject, we will remark that, for several important reasons, the matter of the orthography of the title to our chiefest valley and to the river, ought to be decisively determined. It is important in respect to business transactions and in other ways—such as in legal papers, official documents, incorporations, etc.
>
> In coming to a determination of this question, the proposition will commend itself to nearly everybody, that we should be governed by the established data and rules and usages which quite uniformly govern in similar cases. Among these are the result of etymological research, the usage of the scholarly or learned among the earliest writers, and the analogy between the given orthography and the pronunciation of similar words in the vernacular.
>
> That the word is of Indian origin will not be denied. IRVING in his "Astoria" spells it "Wallamet"—and "Wallamut," but in no place does he use the generally accepted orthography of "Willamette"—neither as to the "*Will*" nor as to the French-ly termination of "*ette*," which, after all, has simply the sound of "et." HUNT, MCKAY, FITZGERALD, BONNEVILLE, DOUGLASS, ROSE, BROWN, WILKES, MCLOUGHLIN AND SLOCUM, all of them gentlemen of scholarly attainments, and who evidently sought to adapt the orthography to the word as pronounced by the Indians, united in the spelling of the first syllable "wal," and generally in that of the sound conveyed by their spelling of the final syllable "ut," "et" or "ette." *When and by whom the orthography of "Willamette" was introduced we confess our inability to say. But we are very certain that it had its origin long subsequent to that in which the spelling and pronunciation of "Wallamet" or "Wallamette" had become customary.*
>
> Again, the orthography of "Willamette," it is stated, originated from the French, who early came here as voyagers and trappers. This would make it a French corruption of an Indian name, something which has really no right in recognized rule to warrant or sustain it. So far as supposing is involved, we admit that, to most ears, the pronunciation of "Willamette" is pleasanter than that of "Wallamet;" yet it will not answer to sacrifice correction of orthography or pronunciation to a mere fancy for euphonious sound. The Indians were here ages before any white men came, and the first of white men to come were Americans. The French did not come until years afterward. *The name now given to the valley and river was a name applied by the Indians who roamed in the land, and it was doubtless the study and care of the first whites to learn from the Indians the pronunciation of these names. From them "Wallamet" is derived—not "Willamette."*
>
> Finally, here we will remark, that inasmuch as the settlement of the new countries becomes in long after years, more or less involved with the relative questions of the race and land of the early settlers, we can see no good reason why the first settlement of Oregon should be improperly and unjustly conceded to the French Canadians, when actually due to the American discoverers and the ASTOR-HUNT-MCKAY company. *To continue the orthography of the recognized Frenchified name of "Willamette," for no better pretense than its euphony, and to wipe out the true name of "Wallamet," simply because it does not look so pretty in print, or does not sound so smoothly to the ear, as the French word is during residence in every civilized language, and the honors won by our own countrymen, who discovered and first settled this land, merely to cater to the fancy, and to the prejudice, perhaps, of those who take only a surface view of the effect and final result of their action.* Let us accord to the French Canadians all which they merit in the history of Oregon; but do not let us surrender to them the credit and honor—which are not theirs—of having given the name to our lovely chief valley, and to the beautiful large river which courses through it."

We do not attach very much importance to Mr. O'Meara's opinions upon this subject, one way or the other, his information being manifestly taken at second hand and used without discrimination. Nor is his being on both sides of the question very remarkable, all things considered. He probably wrote the "*Wallamet*" article because he was then a friendly admirer of Judge Deady, and now writes the *Willamette* one because he happens to be otherwise disposed toward that gentleman. In any view of the matter we submit that the credibility of his testimony upon the *Wallamet* question is slightly impaired.

Apropos of the subject, we may mention that on the morning after the above appeared in the *Bulletin*, the OREGONIAN, then edited by H. W. Scott, contained the following editorial notice of the *Bulletin's* article and of the question discussed:

> The *Bulletin* makes the name of our river and valley the subject of an article, and concludes that the correct spelling of the name is "Wallamet!". No doubt those who read the early documents of Dr. McLoughlin, relative to the Oregon City land claim, which we published a few days ago, noticed that the orthography there employed was "Wall," not "Will," in the first syllable. We observe, too, that this year the managers of the excellent educational institution at Salem, have given us a catalogue of Wallamet University, not "Willamette." Among those who have examined this subject there is scarcely a difference of opinion as to the orthography of the name.

Probably the least creditable piece of business transacted in the National House of Representatives on the last day of its session, says the New York *Times*, was the indorsement of the work of the conference committee on the postal appropriation bill. On Tuesday, the House had, by a most unquestionable majority, accepted the Senate amendment, which partially restores the franking privilege. As finally adjusted by the conference committee, the bill revives the franking privilege "in all respects, with the exception of the correspondence of members." Whether its operation can be so managed as to prevent the transmission of Congressmen's dirty linen through the mails remains to be seen. The revival of the privilege as to printed documents and the *Congressional Record* terminates on Dec 1, but the Democrats will have too much use for the free mail delivery of their political manifestoes after that date, to neglect the chance of making the revival permanent. In regard to the transmission of seeds and reports from the Department of Agriculture, the franking privilege has been permanently restored.

A new evening paper has been started at Sacramento. It is called the *Evening Herald*. It is of the Democratic faith.

A MEMENTO OF THE WAR.

[From the N. Y. Herald, Feb. 23.]

In 1857 Miss Berina S. Moore was teaching school in North Carolina. She purchased 120 shares of the Phœnix Bank, of this city. Two years later she sold, through an attorney, thirty-six shares of the stock, retaining eighty-four shares in her possession. The war came on and the dividends on the stock accrued, but, owing to communication being cut off with the North, she was unable to obtain them. In March, 1864, information was given to the government that the amount of stock named, with the accrued dividends, remained in her name on the books of the bank, and under the act of Congress providing for the confiscation of property belonging to rebels, proceedings were taken on behalf of the government for its confiscation. The result was that the stock was declared forfeited. An effort was made to set aside the decree, but without success. In the meanwhile Miss Moore married Mr. Chapman, an Episcopalian clergyman, and as Mrs. Chapman has brought suit against the Phœnix National Bank of this city, to recover $1,176, amount of accrued dividends, the understanding being, of course, that if she gets a verdict in her favor it will also carry with it the value of the stock originally owned by her. The case came to trial yesterday before Judge Speir, holding special term of the superior court. The plaintiff claims that the confiscation of the stock was illegal, she alleging that she did not come within the category of those "giving aid and comfort to the enemy," whose property under the act referred to, was liable to confiscation. The defense is that the bank had no part in the proceedings taken by the government, and that, in cancelling the certificate, it merely complied with the decree of the United States Court. Judge Speir took the papers, reserving his decision.

The Walla Walla *Statesman* of the 13th inst. says the mails just now are greatly interrupted by heavy snow on the mountains and general condition of the roads. On Friday of last week snow fell on the Blue mountains to the depth of three feet, and since that storm the stages have found it almost impossible to get through.

SPEAKER BLAINE'S LONG VIGIL.

[From the Pittsburgh Leader.]

Blaine was called to the continuous session from a dinner party when the fight on the Force bill began. He did not get there until 10 in the evening. This plainly shows that he was outside of the plottings of the caucus. He sat in the full dress that he had donned when he went to dinner, and sat in it all night, without going out to seek a change. He never yielded the chair during the whole fight, after he reached the hall. During a roll call he would slip out for a moment, but he was always on hand when the roll call was completed. It was a wonderful test of endurance. He sat for over twenty hours, without a wink of sleep, with scarcely any refreshments, talking, gesticulating and reasoning with the turbulent mob of men in front of him. Toward the close of the session yesterday the trial told even on his iron frame. His face looked wan and haggard and his voice was as husky as that of an old man. His hands indicated more than any other parts of his body his intense weariness. Blaine's hands are very shapely ones, and he uses them in the most effective way to punctuate and explain delicate shades of meaning in his uttered sentences. They gracefully accompany the ready flow of running words that come so hurriedly from Blaine's lips, when he has some twenty or thirty wooden-heads in front of him, all trying their best not to understand, a method a wooden-head sometimes uses to climb to the heights of genius for density of ignorance and dullness of comprehension. When Blaine began to be exhausted, it was interesting to watch the lungnor expressed in the every movement of his hands. They would finally unfurl and go through the motions of pretending to be very active, but they deceived no one. The tongue was somewhat nimbler than the fingers, but all were tired, tired, and a good night's rest, I presume, then looked nearly as attractive to Blaine as the Presidency of 1876. These lazy hounds made Blaine but the most rapid counter of legislative noses on record. No man living can count a rising vote in the House quicker than he; some say that in general he guesses at it, but votes by tellers generally verifies his counts. Toward the last yesterday, when there was a rising vote for the ayes and nays upon Niblack's appeal, he just made two motions with his gavel and said "52—in the opinion of the chair a sufficient number," and then sank back in his chair, looking languid, but yet with a reserve force back of him that would have enabled him to hold out another 20 hours. He has made some enemies among the partisan Republicans. His fiery rebuke of them in their requesting him to override the rules. "To grant such a request," said he at one time, when they were torturing him upon every every side, "would be to place this house upon a volcano, which might burst forth at any moment." At another time he said, "To establish such a ruling as a precedent, would be in effect to transform the House into a turbulent mob, and cause it to lose every semblance of a deliberative body."

MARRIED:

March 10, James Olsen and Miss Mary E. Harar, both of Multnomah county.

Feb. 1, A. C. Doro and Miss Emma Mosier, both of Grant county.

DIED:

In Seattle, March 11, Robert McLeod, a native of Prince Edward's Island, aged 40 years.

At North Yamhill, March 10, Miss Mary Ellen Laughlin, daughter of John and Mary Laughlin, aged 17 years.

At Umatilla, March 14, Elizabeth, wife of H. U. Meyers, aged 40 years and 5 months.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE SPRING STYLES IN SILK HATS are ready at MEUSSDORFFER'S.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST BREEDING CAGES and BABY CARRIAGES are at Ackerman's Dollar Store.

340 ACRES OF FARMING LAND, WELL located (2½ miles from R. R. depot) for sale ($16 50 per acre) or exchange for city property, by JOHN WILSON, 107 Third st.

$8 REWARD.

LOST, ON THE EVENING OF THE 17TH, A small Black and Tan Bitch, answers to the name of "Beauty." Any one returning the same to the Bank Ex. Saloon, First, bet. Alder and Morrison streets, will receive the above reward. 1t

THE AGENCY

For the Sale of the

"GROVER & BAKER"

Elastic Stitch and Lock Stitch

SEWING MACHINES,

Has been Established with

Messrs. WM. BECK & SON,

107 Front Street, Portland.

m19d1m.

We will close out an Invoice of

Childrens' Carriages, Boys' Wagons and Croquets,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

To make room for a consignment of the

IMPROVED

GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES,

m19d1m WM. BECK & SON.

TOWN & GOWN!

REV. R. BENTLEY

WILL DELIVER A LECTURE ON THE ABOVE subject at the

TAYLOR STREET M. E. CHURCH,

ON

Next Wednesday Evening,

Commencing at 7:30.

Tickets 50c. Sabbath School Scholars 25c.

SPIRAL SPRING BEDS,

Four different kinds—the woven wire mattress the Flyn spring, self-adjustable, pure hair mattresses, moss, palm, live geese feathers, are sold wholesale and retail by the

OREGON

FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y,

PORTLAND.

VARNISHES,

OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN MANUfacture—

A FULL SUPPLY,

HODGE, CALFF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

STRAW PAPER

10,000 REAMS FOR SALE

In any quantity and at lowest rates.

AT THE AGENCY OF

CLACKAMAS MILLS,

72 Front street.

THE LAST NOVELTY!

Mulligan Guard Paper Collar!

For sale by FISHEL & ROBERTS,

Cor. First & Washington sts.

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. EDWD CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon

KING & CHATTIN,

(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)

Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds

For all the States and Territories,

CONVEYANCERS,

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS

Office—443 California St., San Francisco, California.

Particular attention given to the taking of Depositions. d19d6m1pw6m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW

ADELPHI THEATER

Oro Fino Block.

BRIGGS & BLISS ..... Sole Proprietors

CHARLES NICKERSON ..... Stage Manager

Open Every Evening with a full

VARIETY TROUPE

Of Talented Lady and Gentlemen Artists.

SINGING, DANCING, NEGRO FARCES, FUNNY SAYINGS, &c., &c.

FUN! FUN! FUN! NIGHTLY.

Admission 50 cents. | Reserved seats 75 cents.

ENTERTAINMENT

AND

GRAND BALL!

Given by

Concordia Grove No. 1, U.A.O.D.

AT

TURN VEREIN HALL,

ON

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1875.

Tickets, (admitting Gentleman and Ladies), $1 50

Tickets can be had of the undersigned Committee of Arrangements, and at the door.

F. WAGNER, G. CASTENDIECK,

WM. MAST. F. EILERS.

MORITZ BALL.

THE WOMEN'S GUILD

OF

TRINITY CHURCH,

Will hold a

FAIR!

Commencing on

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1875,

In connection with which they will give an

OLD FOLKS' TEA PARTY.

Particulars hereafter.

THE

German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Bazar and Grand Ball!

ON

APRIL 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1875,

AT THE

SKATING RINK!

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY,

FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1875,

I will sell a large and desirable assortment of

New & Second-Hand Furniture

Consisting of Parlor, Dining, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, Carpets, Mattresses, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

ALSO,

Groceries, Cigars, and other Merchandise.

ALSO,

A Choice variety of PLANTS in bloom, ORNAMENTAL and SHADE TREES.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

Auctioneer.

PORTLAND

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

ROOMS,

Corner of Stark and First Streets,

(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.)

Nearly 7 500 Volumes.

And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.

Membership Free to All.

MONTHLY DUES $1 00, QUARTERLY DUES, $3 00

Directors:

WILLIAM S. LADD, ADDISON C. GIBBS,

PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, C. H. LEWIS,

MATTHEW P. DEADY, M. W. FECHHEIMER,

H. W. WAKEFIELD, H. FAILING,

W. H. BRACKETT, LEHMAN BLUM.

M. P. Deady, President.

H. Failing, Vice President.

P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer.

M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary.

Henry A. Oxer, Librarian and Rec. Sec.

THE STANDARD MAP

OF PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND and ALBINA, Oregon, with all the Additions and adjacent Lands, prepared and published from the latest records, by

W. S. CHAPMAN, City Surveyor

for several years of Portland and East Portland. The numbering of all Lots and Blocks is plainly shown.

These Maps are colored, varnished, and mounted on cloth, with rollers.

Price in currency, including postage, $6 00.

For sale by

J. K. GILL & CO.,

Booksellers & Stationers,

mar16d1m Portland, Oregon.

L. H. WAKEFIELD | JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.

San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

At Private Sale.

A Steinway & Sons' PIANO, nearly new, can be had at a bargain.

House for Rent and Furniture for Sale.

One of the most desirable Residences in the city, fine location. The house has all the modern improvements and is elegantly finished. Rent very low. Furniture is first class, and can be sold to the tenant at much less than cost. Inquire of

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING. Also, choice qualities for Home consumption, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

Manufacturing Furriers, 56 First street, between Stark and Oak.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

First Arrivals of the Season!

WE HAVE JUST OPENED SEVERAL CASES of

NEW SPRING GOODS!

To which we would call special attention.

PARASOLS.

Silk, Alpaca and Gingham, Plain and Twilled, black and colored, the largest stock we have ever received at one time.

RUCHES,

In Lace, Blonde, Crepe, &c. An immense variety.

NEW NECKTIES. NEW HANDKERCHIEFS. NEW EMBROIDERIES.

BLACK DRESS GOODS, CASHMERE, &C.

FANCY DRESS GOODS.

Domestics, Sheetings, Quilts, Napkins, Damasks, Towels.

A NEW STOCK OF

HATHAWAY SHIRTS!

Many of these Goods we will offer at considerably lower prices than heretofore.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REMOVAL.

OSVOLD & AYERS,

Boot and Shoe Makers,

HAVE REMOVED TO

STARK STREET, bet. First and Second.

mar8d1m

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS, made to order, go to

J. BRADY,

No. 5 Washington Street

Repairing promptly attended to.

Premium Carriage Factory

E. SMITH,

CARRIAGE MAKER,

Cor. Jefferson and Front Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Is now making First-Class EXPRESS WAGONS, BUGGIES and CARRIAGES of all kinds.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

At the Oregon State Fair, recently held at Salem, Mr. E. Smith was awarded the First Premiums on an Open and Top Buggy. The latter was built from a design published in the June number of *The Carriage Monthly*, styled "Monitor Piano-Box Buggy," and elicited much admiration.—*The Philadelphia Carriage Monthly.*

Mr. E. Smith, of Portland, has on exhibition at the State Fair two Buggies, both Open and Top, and certainly exhibit as good workmanship as can be found on the Coast, while several very important Improvements have been added, especially in fronting the same(as not to weaken the axle), by putting the bolts through the same. The first commendable enterprise that Mr. Smith has displayed, we understand, is being amply rewarded in our city. He will be awarded the first Premium.—*Oregonian.*

Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker, of Portland, exhibited one Open and one Covered Buggy upon the Fair Ground which deserve special mention. These Carriages are especially light and durable and those intended of such a purchase—and who isn't—should call upon him before purchasing elsewhere. Of course Mr. Smith bore off the blue ribbons.—*New Northwest.*

Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker, corner of Front and Jefferson streets, took two Premiums at the State Fair for First-Class Buggies. This speaks well for his work, and is a credit to Portland.—*Pacific Christian Advocate.*

HOME MANUFACTURE.—Mr. E. Smith, Carriage Maker, of this city, has some splendid Vehicles on exhibition at the Fair.—*Temperance Star.*

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling, $1 50 first hour; $1 00 for each additional hour.

Riding, $1 50 per hour.

To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.

To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.

Funerals, $3 00 a Hack.

Orders left at the Stables or left at the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

M. AINSA,

FORWARDING & COMMISSION,

UMATILLA, OREGON.

I AM PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONSIGNments of Goods to be forwarded to all parts of Oregon.

CHARGES:

Storage and Forwarding, one month $1 00

Cartage ..... 1 50—$2 00

If I am liberally patronized I intend to have all Goods in transit insured against any risk of fire.

All freights and Charges paid on consignments.

mar3d1m M. AINSA, Portland.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT.

GEO. MORROW & CO.

GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

20 Clay St. and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco

Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn

mar12d6m

SIGNS! SIGNS! SIGNS!

W. P. BERGER,

Practical Painter,

Shop, No. 16 Morrison st., bet. Second and Third,

I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF Plain, Ornamental and Fancy Signs with neatness and dispatch. Gilding on Glass, Bunner and picture painting a specialty.

Also, Graining, Paper Hanging, and house work in all its branches, done in a superior manner. Give me a call.

FANCY FOWLS.

HATCHING EGGS OF THE FINEST BREEDS for sale at MARTIN'S, Central Market.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO'S Steamship

IDAHO,

FRED. ROLLES ..... Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1875,

At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA,

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES ..... Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.,

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

J. F. WHITNEY ..... Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER ..... Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with Steamers at Coos Bay.

F. SLOCUM, Agent, Coos Bay.

D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 104 Davis street, near California.

oc5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M., for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dundee and intermediate points will take cars at 7:30, connecting at Cæsnah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland $2 50

Albany and Salem 2 00

Harrisburg 3 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $1 00 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

For Cowlamet, Bay View and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Monhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

Special Notice!

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE Rates between Portland and The Dalles will be as follows:

Freight ..... Ten Dollars per Ton

Passage ..... Five Dollars

March 11, 1875. J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

mar12d1m

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Steamer BEAVER—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER, OHIO,

Leaves Pacific Wharf, foot of Salmon st., SATURDAY, March 20, for Harrisburg and all intermediate points on the Willamette river.

U. B. SCOTT, Master.

M. O. LOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY, FROM FOOT OF ALder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M., daily, except Sundays.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILLIAMS & KRUMBEIN,

Architects,

Office—Room 17, Dekum's Building.

H. W. DILG,

Locksmith, Safe-Maker & Bell-Hanger,

Washington Street, between First and Front.

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS WILL FIND me at the above place ready at a moment's notice to do any kind of work in my line.

Locks and Safes repaired at short notice and in No. 1 style. Bells hung in the latest styles. Patent models made to order.

WINDOW GLASS.

100 Boxes

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND,

Sizes from 16x24 to 26x38,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with J. M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist,

Has removed to Room No. 4, Dekum's Building, on First and Washington streets.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, CHANDISE [illegible]

Sale Days—Wednesday and

At Private Sale,

Large assortment of GROCERIES and [illegible]

Liberal advances made on C[illegible]

The parties declining Home[illegible]

that I will purchase Goods [illegible]

and Merino risks at equ[illegible] rates.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and [illegible]

Furniture, Groceries, Merchandise, &c.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1875,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

One HORSE, DRAY and HARNESS.

GROCERIES.

50 bxs Navy TOBACCO,

8,500 La Matilda CIGARS,

275 bxs C. O. SOAP,

200 bxs Fancy SOAP,

50 chests Japan TEA,

50 bxs WASHING POWDER,

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

20 sets Steel FIRE TRIMMINGS,

8 doz GALVANIZED PAILS,

5 doz Eng. FRY PANS,

ALSO

PICTURES and FRAMES,

HAT RACKS, &c.,

ALSO,

BEDROOM, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

INSURANCE.

NORTH BRITISH

and

MERCANTILE

INSURANCE

Established - 1809

Agent for Oregon

Office, 106 Front

Between [illegible] and [illegible]

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE AND MARINE

Assets Exceed - $627,000

OREGON BRANCH,

98 Front, Street, corner of Alder,

EDWARD HALL, Agent.

THE STAR

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE

Incorporated in 1865.

Cash Assets, - $[illegible]

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, President. A. J. BRYANT, Vice-President.

CHARLES H. [illegible], Secretary.

This Company has [illegible] insurance combination [illegible] business in the Lowest Paying Rates [illegible] each risk according to its own merits.

The undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company and are prepared to accept applications and issue Policies on Dwellings and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. BOTTOLFSEN & CO.,

Office—[illegible] Front Street.

General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.

N. B.—Agents wanted throughout the Territory.

E. CORRELL'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stable

(FIRE PROOF)

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICE:

Riding, $1 50 per hour.

Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.

To boats, 50 cents each passenger.

Funerals, $5 per Hack.

To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS' promptly attended to at any hour.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field, Flower & Garden

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Of all description.

WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for killing insects. Also, Trees, Plants, Flowering Roots.

Send for Catalogue.

HACKNEY & STEVENS, 6 and 8 First and Taylor sts., Portland.

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Corner of First and Oak streets, Portland.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

SEED WHEAT.

CHILI CLUB

FOR SALE BY

EVERDING & FABRE.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1875.

CITY ITEMS.

A PLEASANT ENTERTAINMENT.—"An Evening with American Poets and Humorists" was the announced character of the entertainment which was given at Unitarian chapel last evening, and it proved just what it was intended to be—interesting and profitable. We have not been afforded as rare a treat, in the way of a literary and elocutionary entertainment, for a long time. Scarcely without exception, the selections offered constituted some of the brightest and most sparkling gems to be found among the works of America's bards and wits; while for the individual excellence of those who appeared, we can speak in unqualified terms of praise. The chapel was crowded to its fullest capacity, notwithstanding the inclement character of the evening, by a select and appreciative assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. The entertainment consisted of selections from Whittier, Bret Harte, Willis, Longfellow, Holmes, Mark Twain, Bryant and Trowbridge. American poets, those appearing during the evening we mention the names of Col. John McCraken, Dr. John B. Pilkington, Mr. G. A. Dobinson, Miss Winch, Miss Cardinell, Miss Dimmick, Miss Mack and Miss Witherell. Mrs. D. Smith's name was on the programme to appear twice during the evening, but indisposition prevented that lady from doing so, much to the disappointment of the audience. Instrumental music before the entertainment commenced and during the interlude, lent additional interest to the occasion. We hope that entertainments of a similar character will be repeated often.

LECTURE.—Rev. R. Bentley will deliver a lecture next Wednesday evening at the Taylor street M. E. church. The subject of the lecture may be surmised by its title "Town and Gown." The lecture, we have no doubt, will be one of the best ever delivered in the city, judging from the acceptance with which his platform addresses and sermons have been received by our citizens. The proceeds of the lecture are to be used for the purchase of an organ for the North Portland mission school, an object that is worthy of our benevolent efforts. The lecture will be given under the auspices of the Literary Society of the Taylor street church, lately organized.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Yesterday afternoon, at about 4 o'clock, a lad had a very narrow escape from being crushed beneath the wheels of a horse car. In company with three or four youths about his own age, he was playing on First st., and when the street cars came past these boys tried to jump on the rear step and secure a free car-ride. One boy, followed the car some distance, and, not being able to secure a foothold in the steps, he turned to go to the sidewalk. Just then a team attached to a hay-rack came dashing along at a sweeping rate. With great coolness, the driver suddenly reined in his team, just in time to save the boy from being crushed to death.

PUYALLUP COAL.—We were shown yesterday some specimens of coal from Wade's mine, which is located about 25 miles from Tacoma, which shows that that country can produce as good a mineral of this kind as any county. This coal has been tested by experts and found to be equal to the very best characoal for all purposes for which that article is used. Mr. J. P. Sheffield, who is interested

CTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
UCTIONEER
OR. OF FRONT AND OAK ST.
Auction Sales
AL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL ME
CHANDISE AND HORSES.
Days---Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale.
ssortment of GROCERIES and LIQUOR
eral advances made on Consignments.
ries destining Housekeeping. I will furnish
ill purchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
egular and Peremptory Sale
OF
niture, Groceries, Genera
Merchandise, Etc.,
ATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
HORSE, DRAY and HARNESS.
ALSO,
GROCERIES.
Navy TOBACCO.
La Matilda CIGARS,
xs C. D. SOAP.
xs Fancy SOAP.
ckts Japan TEA.
WASHING POWDER.
ALSO,
GOODS AND CLOTHING.
ALSO,
Steel FIRE IRONS,
GALVANIZED BUCKETS.
Eng. FRY PANS.
ALSO,
UPES and FRAMES,
RACKS, &c.
ALSO,
ROOM, DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN
TURE.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

RTH BRITISH
and
MERCANTILE
tablished - 1809.
ED. HALL,
gent for Oregon.
ice, 106 Front St.
Between Washington and Alder.
mar24tf

mpo's Fund Insurance C
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE AND MARINE.
ets Exceed - $627,003
OREGON BRANCH
98 Front Street, corner of Alder.
EDWARD HALL, Manage

THE STATE
vestment & Insuranc
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, - - $420,00
OFFICERS:
DONAHUE, - A. J. BRYANT,
President. Secretary.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
Company has no connection with any
combination in business in transcon
ent: Paying Rates, each risk being ta
ng to its own merits.
undersigned, having been appointed Gene
for the above Company, are now prepa
ve applications and issue Policies for fi
kind, rates at equitable rates.
A. P. HOTALING & Co.
Office—55 Front Street, Portland.
Agents for Oregon and Washington Ter'y
Agents wanted throughout the States.

E. CORBETT'S
y, Hack & Feed Stable
(FIRE PROOF).
ECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.
able Charges for Hire. Particular
ention paid to Boarding Horses.
OBSERVE PRICES:
. $1 50 per hour.
. $3 50 first hour, $1 each additional ho
. 50 cents each passenger.
ale, $5 per Hack.
Coupe Hacks and Parties, $2 a couple.
left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERT
attended to at any hour.
DS! SEEDS! SEEDS!
Flower & Garden Seeds
NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.
T AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,
Of all descriptions.
E OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroy
s. Also, Trellises, Flowerpots, stands, &c.
r Catalogue.
HENEY & STEMME, Grocers,
First and Taylor sts., Portland, Or.
WM. PFUNDER,
HEMICAL AND CHEMIST,
EUTSCHE APOTHEKE,
of First and Oak streets, (Portlan
SCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY
SEED WHEAT.
HILL CLUB
FOR SALE BY
RDING & FARRELL

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1875.

CITY.

A PLEASANT ENTERTAINMENT.—An Evening with American Poets and Humorists" was the announced character of the entertainment which was given at Unitarian chapel last evening, and it proved just what it was intended to be—interesting and profitable. We have not been afforded as rare a treat, in the way of a literary and elocutionary entertainment, for a long time. Scarcely without an exception, the selections offered constituted some of the brightest and most sparkling gems to be found among the works of American bards and wits; while for the individual execution of those who appeared, we can speak in unqualified terms of praise. The chapel was crowded to its fullest capacity, notwithstanding the inclement character of the evening, by a select and appreciative assemblage of ladies and gentlemen. The entertainment consisted of selections from Whittier, Bret Harte, Willis, Longfellow, Holmes, Mark Twain, Bryant and Trowbridge. Among those appearing during the evening we mention the names of Col. John McCraken, Dr. John B. Pilkington, Mr. G. A. Dobinson, Mr. Winch, Miss Cardinell, Miss Dimmick, Miss Mack and Miss Witherell. Mrs. D. F. Smith's name was on the programme to appear twice during the evening, but indisposition prevented that lady from doing so, much to the disappointment of the audience. Instrumental music before the entertainment commenced and during the intervals, lent additional interest to the occasion. We hope that entertainments of a similar character will be repeated often.

LECTURE.—Rev. R. Bentley will deliver a lecture next Wednesday evening at the Taylor street M. E. church. The subject of the lecture may be surmised by its title "Town and Gown." The lecture, we have no doubt, will be one of the best ever delivered in our city, judging from the acceptance with which his platform addresses and sermons have been received by our citizens. The proceeds of the lecture are to be used for the purchase of an organ for the North Portland mission school, an object that is worthy of our benevolent efforts. The lecture will be given under the auspices of the Literary Society of the Taylor street church, lately organized.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Yesterday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, a lad had a very narrow escape from being crushed beneath the wheels of a hack. In company with three or four youths about his own age, he was playing on First street, and when the street cars came past these boys tried to jump on the rear step and secure a free car ride. One boy followed the car some distance, and, not being able to secure a footing on the step, he turned to go to the sidewalk. Just then a team attached to a hack came dashing along at a sweeping rate. With great coolness, the driver suddenly reined in his team, just in time to save the boy from being crushed to death.

PUTALLUP COAL.—We were shown yesterday some specimens of coal from Wade's mine, which is located about 25 miles from Tacoma, which shows that that country can produce as good a mineral of this kind as any county. This coal has been tested by experts and found to be equal, to the very best charcoal for all purposes for which that article is used. Mr. J. P. Sheffield, who is interested in these mines, will send specimens of this coal to London for the purpose of introducing it to the notice of the commercial world. A sample can be seen at the office of Wm. Reid, Esq., in this city.

DESERVE MUCH CREDIT.—The Salem *Statesman* of yesterday, says: "The route agents having charge of the U. S. mails on the O. & C. R. R. are required to attach a slip with their names thereon, to every package of letters sent to the San Francisco D. P. O. Recently each of the agents received notification that every package sent by them in the month of February came promptly to hand, and every letter was in just the package it should be, not a single error of any kind. Surely Messrs. T. H. Cox, E. D. Thorn and J. Gradon are model route agents."

MISSIONARY SERVICE IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.—Upon the incoming steamer there will arrive with his family Rev. D. N. Utter of the Unitarian Church. He will act under the American Unitarian Association as Missionary, with headquarters at Olympia, and with the Sound as a circuit. Mr. Utter is well known in the denomination as an earnest and talented worker and will receive a hearty welcome as the successor of Rev. Mr. Kimball, whose labors met with such response in the Territory two years ago.

MUSIC RECEIVED.—Mr. Carr, of Gray's Music Store, has handed us the following new pieces of music: "I Never was Meant for the Sea," by Harry Braham; "The Subscriber's Waltzer," by Strauss; "For Ever Near Thee," words and melody by Barton Hill; arranged by Chas. Schultz; "Gondolier," by the same. The Guild, Church & Co.'s grand concert pismo is among the new arrivals at this house.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, March 18, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	39°	48°	44°
Wind, direction	N.W.	S.W.	S
Wind, velocity	2	5	10
Weather	Cloudy.	Cloudy.	Lt. Rain.
Minimum temperature	36		
Rain gage	.0		

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—A business meeting, in connection with the singing school of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock in the basement room of the Presbyterian church. The usual religious services will be held on Sunday evening at the same place. A sermon will be preached in the Norwegian language by Rev. A. E. Fridrichsen, D. D.

CARPET TRADE.—The constant ring of a score of hammers can be heard at the boneyard, and the work goes bravely on. Carpenters have already the frame up for the cabin of the second new steamer to be built the present season by the O. S. N. Co., the keel of which was laid over two weeks ago. The work of planking the hull will commence in a few days.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Information is desired concerning the whereabouts of Greenbury Pinkston, by his nephew, Thomas E. Pinkston, of Missouri. Any information concerning the whereabouts of the person mentioned, if forwarded to the address of Thomas E. Pinkston, French Village, St. Francis Co., Missouri, will be thankfully received.

LITERARY EXERCISES.—Commencing at two o'clock this afternoon, literary exercises will be had at the High School. Declamations and compositions by the young men; recitations, music, reading, etc., by the young ladies. Visitors will be cordially welcomed.

PERSONAL.

Rev. J. H. Wilbur, and Capt. C. M. Wilkinson, are both passengers on the steamer *Idaho*.

We regret to learn that the health of Hon. J. S. Smith, now in California, does not improve.

W. S. Ladd, Esq., is still in California, awaiting the return of pleasant weather before returning home.

Mr. Jos. Buchtel, who has been confined to his house in East Portland for some weeks, we are gratified to state, is rapidly convalescing.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Meussdorffer has commenced to tell something about new styles in hats.

Beck & Son are closing out an invoice of children's carriages. Ye who are in want, call. They have the agency of the Grover & Baker sewing machines, a lot of which are to arrive soon.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Adelphi Theater continues to draw large houses. Messrs. Briggs & Bliss, proprietors, are having a number of boxes fitted up for the accommodation of their patrons, which will be in readiness for Saturday evening. New songs, dances and jokes every evening.

The new theater and Fabre & Barnes' are the talk of the town.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Heavy rain last night.

The *Idaho* may be expected at any moment.

Gardeners and pruners are still busily engaged.

The schooner *Monshikoff* is discharging cargo at Flanders' wharf.

The work of repairing the O. S. N. Co.'s wharf is completed.

There will be an oyster supper given at the Hall street church next Friday evening.

"Will you lend father your newspaper, sir, he only wants to read it?" "Yes, my boy, and ask him to lend me his dinner, I only want to eat it."

A Seventh street gentleman was heard to declare that he has discovered the genuine "evening echoes"—cat screeching.

The failure of Farnsworth & Dutton, grocers, is the subject of conversation on the streets. The affairs of the firm will be investigated by the creditors and a settlement arrived at.

The types in our commercial column yesterday glutted ports to the northward with flour by saying that Oregon had shipped "205,000" sacks thither since January 1st. It should have been 20,500.

The plan on which the Nicholson pavement to be put down by the city this season is to be laid, can be seen at the auditor's office by property owners. It will be much more substantial than the old pavement ever was.

He got no further than "I (hic, hic) bid fo, fo' doll—on that sto-o—" at the auction, when a gallant M. P. snatched him by the collar, and, dropping him gently into an express wagon, soon deposited the drunken individual at the door of the city jail.

A young hoodlum, who had "nowhere to lay his head," was discovered in the academy building night before last, snugly ensconsed in the wood box in the south end of the house. He was ejected by the owner, and then wandered down town to find a warmer place for retiring.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Jas. McDonnell, for pressing his toddy, got three days in the city jail.

Louis Faverd, arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct, was discharged.

Jas. Murphy, arrested for abusive language, was fined $10 and paid the same.

Thus far during the present month 52 arrests have been made by the police officers.

Patrick Daly will be called upon to answer a charge of drunkenness this morning.

Mrs. Ed. Kennedy, arrested for disorderly conduct, was fined $10, the same which she paid.

Harry Hastings, for being d. and d., was fined $10, and, in default, went to jail for three days.

Wm. Martin, for the larceny of a sack of wheat at the foot of Alder street, got 30 days in the county jail.

Ed. Kennedy, for marring the classic features of Mrs. Kennedy during a domestic broil, was sent to jail for 12 days.

C. Buckley, charged with assault and battery, was fined $5 and costs. He was unable to liquidate, and was sent to jail for 12 days.

Joe Weiser, alias "Lager Beer Joe," was arrested yesterday morning while being detected in the act of stealing several bottles of white wine. He will meet his fate with Spartan courage this morning.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

THURSDAY—March 18, 1875.

U. S. vs Wood Lee; defendant arraigned and plea of guilty entered; fine imposed of $10 and costs.

U. S. vs Charles Seevewright; order that defendant be brought in on to-morrow for arraignment and plea.

U. S. vs Thos. Higgins; order that defendant be discharged, no indictment having been found against him.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 10 A. M.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

E. B. Babbitt vs A. Myers et al.; default entered against O. Dickinson; one of the defendants.

A. Myers vs C. Beal et al.; dismissed without prejudice as to certain defendants; settled as to others.

Wm. Sherlock et al. vs John L. Nickum; confirmation of sheriff's sale.

Theo. Rolfes vs T. J. Russell and George Woodward; motion for judgment and for new trial argued and submitted.

X. J. Failing vs C. J. Barrett; motion to strike out parts of reply argued and submitted.

O. & C. R. R. Co. vs J. H. Lappens; motion to confirm report of referee and cross-motion to set aside report of referee argued and submitted.

W. H. Musgrove vs Stephen Haines; demurrer overruled; receiver appointed; bonds fixed at $500.

FOR SCHOOL DIRECTOR.

The undersigned tax-payers of School District No. 1, of Multnomah county, hereby nominate and agree to support Wm. S. Ladd for School Director at the ensuing election. In view of the importance to the district of having the position properly filled, and of Mr. Ladd's long experience as a school director, we recommend to our fellow-citizens that a united support be given to Mr. Ladd:

H W Corbett,	John Green,
B Goldsmith,	H Whitehouse,
John Catlin,	J P O Lownsdale,
E Porter,	Wm Capus,
H McKinnell,	S G Reed,
J D Hunton,	Dan J Mularkey,
A H Morgan,	Ward S Stevens,
Henry Failing,	G Shindler,
H Boyd,	S Killin,
Wm Gray,	R R Thompson,
L Brooks,	Theo Wygant,
Chas E Calef,	J L Atkinson,
Arthur Fable,	D W Wakefield,
J C Ainsworth,	H L Hoyt,
Geo H Himes,	J B Congle,
J H Lappeus,	T A Davis,
F K Arnold,	W N Wallace,
S Sherlock,	S G Skidmore,
Wm Connell,	J Laird,
Stephen Richards,	Thomas Connell,
M C Burrell, if he will accept.	Richard B Knapp,
Mark A King,	D W Williams,
W F Brownlee, Jr.	J McCraken,
A H Johnson,	James O'Meara,
S J McCormick,	E J Jeffory,

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

RELIGIOUS, LOCAL, PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

[From the Sentinel.]

The annual spiritual retreat for the clergy of this Archdiocese will begin on Tuesday evening, the 6th of April, ensuing.

To-day (Friday) the feast of St. Joseph mass will be celebrated for the first time in the chapel of the new hospital building of the Sisters of Charity at Vancouver.

Next Sunday will be Palm Sunday. The ceremony of blessing the Palms will commence at 10½ A. M., precisely. On Holy Thursday services will begin at 8 o'clock. After mass the Blessed Sacrament will be carried in procession to St. Joseph's Altar, where it will be exposed to the adoration of the faithful during the entire day. Devotions will be held at 7½ in the evening. On Good Friday the solemn services will commence at 9 o'clock. In the evening the usual devotions will commence at 7½ o'clock. On Holy Saturday services will begin at 8 o'clock.

NEW BOOKS.

The following new work, by Hubert Howe Bancroft, entitled The Native Races of the Pacific States of North America, Vol I, (wild tribes), has just been added to the Portland library.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Widow and heirs of John H. Couch, to Henry Winshard, blocks 32 and 33, Couch's Addition—$1.

W. W. Thayer and wife to E. C. Bronaugh, west 2 feet of lot 6, and south ½ feet of lot 7, block 141—$400.

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and sixty acres of land, partly under cultivation, near Hubbard Station, east side railroad. For further information inquire of W. S. HALFRUNER,
Plumber, First st., bet. Taylor & Salmon.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

The very finest photographs are now taken at the new firm of Shuster & Bennie, who have just refitted their rooms, corner of First and Yamhill.

NAT. H. LANE & CO. in East Portland, are selling goods cheaper than any house on the east side of the river, consequently are selling more goods than anybody.

LECTURES IN SCOTLAND ON OREGON.

Mr. Fleming, who came to Oregon last year along with William Reid, Esq., and his family, is now on a lecturing tour through the North of Scotland describing Oregon and its resources and advising Scotch tenant farmers to emigrate to our State. We take this report of one of his meetings from a Scotch paper:

A TOUR TO OREGON.

On Monday night Mr. P. Fleming, State commissioner of immigration to Oregon, delivered a lecture entitled "A Tour to Oregon," in the public hall, Blairgowrie. Bailie Stevenson occupied the chair, and there was a large attendance at the meeting. Mr. Fleming, at the commencement, gave a short description of Princes Landing Stage at Liverpool, and the hubbub and confusion caused by the crowds of people who usually gather around the pier at the departure of the American steamers—the tumbling and rolling and rough handling of the passengers' baggage while being put on board the tender. He then gave a description of Queenstown harbor, which was reached on the following morning. Among his fellow passengers were clergymen (a specimen of the kind known in Scotland as a "stickit minister"), lawyers, merchants, manufacturers, artists and magicians; also a Professor and a number of roving students; betting men and one or two gamblers. Several of them had crossed the Atlantic 20 times—one was on his 41st voyage. A description of the voyage to New York, which occupied 9 days, was given. Leaving New York by the Erie railway, he passed through the Susquehanna valley, which he described as one of the most beautiful and fertile valleys to be met with on the east coast. The chief places of interest passed were referred to—Niagara, Chicago, the Mississippi and Missouri rivers—the latter he designated as a "dirty, clay-colored puddle;" Omaha, the Platte river, the prairies of Nebraska and Wyoming, the Rocky mountains, the Laramie plains—a rich grazing district 7,000 feet above the level of the sea; the sage brush and alkali deserts, the bold and rocky passes of Echo and Weber canyons, the Sierra Nevada mountains, Cape Horn, and San Francisco, and the sail from thence to the *Columbia River*.—The scenery, as witnessed from the steamer while sailing up this river, was depicted. "The hills rise perpendicularly to a height of 500 to 1,500 feet, with occasional gaps, through which numerous peaks, rising to a still greater altitude, may be seen stretching far away in the distance on either side of the river. Of timber there is enough and to spare. In all directions, as far as the eye can reach, there is an unbroken wilderness of trees, and one cannot help being oppressed by a feeling of intense solitude as, in the dusk of the evening, he sails up the deep still-flowing waters of the Columbia—the tall, dark shadows stretching from bank to bank, and closing in around him, while for miles around nothing flickering light appears to mark a human habitation." Portland, Oregon, was reached in three weeks from Liverpool—a distance of 7,000 miles having been traveled.

The Willamette Valley was described as the great grain producing district of Oregon. The soil is a rich black loam from two to twenty feet deep, and, with proper cultivation, yields enormous crops. Wheat is the staple growth, and a failure of the crop is unknown in the valley. Happening to visit the oldest farm in Oregon, he saw a field which had been cropped successively for thirty-three years, and it showed no signs of exhaustion, although never manured. The farming, however, was stated to be rather poor—few of the agriculturists having been trained to the business—they merely scratched the surface of the soil to a depth barely sufficient to cover the seed. On this account the average yield was only about twenty bushels per acre, and this was the greatest average yield of any American State. In the valley there were about 3,000,000 acres agricultural land, while only a sixth was cultivated. The Oregon farmer, he said, had neither grub nor rust to contend against, as the Australian farmer had. Neither summer frosts nor autumn rain injured his crops, and although he only got from 3s 6d to 4s per bushel for his wheat, it paid him well—the cost of production being only half that amount. This rich agricultural land, within easy distance to railway station or steamboat landing, could, at the present time, be purchased at prices varying from £3 to £7 per acre, with improvements; and he could not believe that land would remain long at present prices, seeing it was only about half the price paid in New Zealand for inferior land.

What Oregon Wants.—The great want of Oregon is manufactures. Labor being so high, they have to import and purchase, while they might otherwise manufacture, and even export. Almost every wagon, carriage, and plough is brought from the East, and likewise all their machinery, although possessing forests of suitable timber and coal and iron ore in abundance. What is wanted is manufacturing establishments to keep their money at home, to develop the resources of the State, and to create a home market for their products. The lecturer then referred to the Chinese population, and while admitting that in the earlier stages of the State's history they had been a necessity, and that the State would not have been what it is to-day but for their cheap labor, he yet would not be displeased to learn that the Oregonians had resolved to send them all back to China so soon as the existing contracts were finished. Every cent which they earn is sent to China. They live on tea, rice, and the offal of fish, and clothe themselves in fantastic dresses made from serge. Chinese manufacture, so that the country derives no benefit from them beyond cheap labor, which goes to enrich the capitalists only. The country does not even have the benefit of their bone dust, for the bones of every Celestial who dies in Oregon are conveyed to China and buried there.

A Scotch farmer in Oregon.—Mr. Fleming then described a visit which he paid to Reedville Farm, which, he stated, was a notable exception to the rule of bad farming. This farm, he said, belonged to S. G. Reed, one of the capitalists of Oregon, and is under the management of a gentleman well-known in this district, and who bears the name of "that large-hearted Scotchman," Mr. Watson, son of the late Mr. Watson of Keillor. And any Scotchman might calculate upon a "Highland welcome" at Reedville. The farm is situated in a beautiful open prairie, about 12 miles west from Portland, on the Oregon Central Railway. The house, steading and grounds are laid out on the most approved principles. Indeed, nothing that money can purchase or skill can devise are wanting. Mr. Watson take a great pride in his pure-blooded stock, and bestows more care on them than most people in this country bestow on their children. With visitors from a distance Mr. Watson is just in his element, and none are allowed to leave until they have seen, examined, and even weighed the chiefs of Mr. Reed's Clydesdale and blooded horses, his one and two-year old short-horns, and his Ayrshire cattle. Pure blood is the rule at Reedville, and it is applied to all the animals kept there, from horses, cattle and sheep down to pigs and poultry. It need scarcely be added that the chief prizes for stock at the annual agricultural shows are gained by Mr. Watson for Mr. Reed, his employer.

The lecturer concluded with a short description of the cities and places of interest passed on the home journey by stage through Eastern Oregon, Idaho and Utah.

On the motion of the chairman, a hearty vote of thanks was awarded to the lecturer.

He has returned and the result of his visit to San Francisco you will observe by calling to-day. We speak of J. KOHN, who is so well known in Portland and throughout the State. The Goods are all out and he is ready to show what is new in the clothing line. The very latest styles will be found among the new importations, and you must be hard to please if you cannot find something in his large stock. We warrant he will give you satisfaction in every respect. Call to-day, while the subject is fresh in your mind.

The *Orellamme* brought a large invoice of Goods for Beck & Waldman, and additional lots will arrive on the steamer to arrive next week. This enterprising firm keep their stock well assorted, and for that reason they have a continuous run of customers who know this and of course are always able to find something new in the clothing line. Besides their varied stock of men's clothing and furnishing goods the firm keep a well selected stock of youth's suits, which every lond parent should call and see before making purchases. You will find them at the old corner always ready to serve the public.

GEO. H. CHANCE, J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—First Street,
(Nearly over Express Office,)
PORTLAND.

IMPORTANT.—Indorsed by the Medical profession. Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. Dr. TOWNSLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE.

VANCOUVER ITEMS.

Under date of March 18th, our regular correspondent sends the following:

Spring work has commenced, although it is too cold for gardening extensively.

Nothing has been heard of the steam ferry lately. Our people would be glad to know if this is another bursted project.

The boats plying between Portland and Washougal, in the interest of the grangers, are making more frequent trips than last season.

Carpenters, who have been idle all winter, begin to find employment. Considerable building and repairing is going on, although no large buildings have been commenced yet.

The Good Templar Lodge in this place is in a flourishing condition. Last Tuesday evening several members of Morning Star Lodge, of Brush Prairie, paid a fraternal visit to this lodge.

Hon. J. J. Browne, of Portland, is to lecture on temperance "from a legal standpoint," next Monday evening. This is the first of a course of lectures provided by the Good Templars.

St. Patrick's Day passed off very quietly in Vancouver, a large number of our citizens spending the day in Portland. These returned well pleased with the commencement exercises, and especially with the oration.

The prospects for the wheat crop are much better than it was feared they would be last winter. The cold weather killed some of the winter wheat, owing to there not being snow enough to cover the ground, but the damage is not extensive, and but little ground will have to be re-sown.

The people of this county are very much elated over the news respecting the P., D. & S. L. R. R. Should this road be built the river counties will receive an immigration that will be healthful to the interests of the Territory. Should we be called upon for "local aid" it is believed we would do our share.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDEPENDENT CONVENTION IN CLEVELAND—PLATFORM ADOPTED.—Cleveland, March 12.—In the Independent or Greenback Convention to-day a platform was adopted declaring that popular interests are above party, and that the present monetary system is the cause of all the disorders. The platform lays down the following principles: First—That the Government should establish a money system compatible with the genius of the Government, and adapted to its necessities. That all notes should be withdrawn from circulation, and the Government should issue paper money direct, which shall be legal tender for every debt, except that part of the public debt made payable in coin. This money to be interchangeable, at the option of the holder, with registered Government bonds. Second—That this system will soon make the United States the depository of the precious metals of the world. Third—This will solve the question of cheap transportation by enabling railroads to relieve themselves of debt and lower their rates. Fourth—The Government should ever regard the development of its agricultural and mineral wealth and manufacturing interests. Fifth—The interests of productive industry would be served by this system. Sixth—The public domain should be reserved for actual settlers. Seventh—The government should equalize bounties and adjust claims arising from the late war. Eighth—All rights, privileges and immunities recognized by the government should be based on the fact of citizenship, equal rights before the law being secured by the Constitution. Ninth—Economy should be observed in public affairs. Tenth—Rivers and harbors should, when necessary, be improved. Eleventh—This monetary system would make common the interests of all sections of the country.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clk, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Encampment No. 2, C. of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars' Hall, corner Third and Alder streets, at 7½ o'clock.

Dr. Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam.—This Balsamic compound has become a home fixture. All who suffer, and have in vain attempted to cure their coughs, colds, bronchial or pulmonary complaints, make use of this unequaled remedy. It can be relied upon; the mass of testimony that has been published since its introduction, being ample proof of its efficacy.

The people have been so much imposed upon by several worthless Sarsaparillas, that we are glad to be able to recommend a preparation which can be depended on as containing the virtues of that invaluable medicine, and is worthy of the public confidence. Dr. J. C. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA cures when anything can cure the diseases that require an alterative medicine.

A FRIGHTFUL CHORUS.

Nothing strikes so unpleasantly upon the ear of an affectionate parent as the wheezing, snuffling, coughing and hoarse voices of a family of children laboring under bad colds. A chorus of this dismal kind is kept up in some households the winter through, simply because the father and mother are either ignorant of the means of cure or are guilty of gross neglect. HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR will establish quiet in three days. No cough or cold can resist its soothing influence.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS—Cure in one minute.

NATURE falling teeth nor the peeping wrinkles of time, so forcibly tell of advancing years, as your gray hair. AYER'S VIGOR restores the color and makes your appearance more agreeable to others, as well as yourself. With fresh, luxuriant hair, infirmities of age are far less noticeable.

The Multiplication of Diseases.

Diseases multiply. One begets another. A filling indisposition may, therefore, originate a complication of dangerous maladies. Indigestion begets far more formidable diseases: a multitude of ailments are traceable to constipation: fever and ague unhinges the entire nervous system, and is therefore the source of the protean ailments which affect that portion of the human organism. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, however, whether resorted to at the inception of those disorders of the stomach, bowels or liver, which gave birth to the majority of diseases and disabilities, or taken when they have reached into formidable maturity, are alike powerful to cure. The process of recovery is, of course, longer when the malady has gained headway, but it is none the less certain. Dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, kidney complaints and intermittent fever, invariably yield to the operation of the great alterative and invigorant.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Save yourself many dollars in money and many pangs of pain by keeping PRATT'S ADOLITION OIL constantly on hand and using it for all lameness and pain. The great popularity of our ADOLITION OIL is owing to the fact that we spare neither labor nor expense in preparing it. *We always have and always shall keep it up to its original standard of unparalleled excellence.* ADOLITION OIL cures rheumatism, gout, sprains, stiff and swollen joints, bruises, neuralgia, lame back, pleurisy, sciatica, sore throat, croup, colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, nervous headache, tooth-ache, ear-ache and all aches and pains internal and external. Sold by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Strengthen and regulate your system. Renew your age. You can *do it* by using the Regulator and Purifier, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. It sets up your tone; stimulate your kidneys; regulate your bowels; cure and prevent fever and ague, piles, dyspepsia, jaundice, dropsy, heart disease, and all bilious complaints with the great vegetable remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBayle & Co., Druggists, 504 Washington street San Francisco, manufacturers and sole proprietors.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Portland Post Office.

Eastern and California through mail arrives daily at 4:10 p. m. Closes at 6:30 a. m.

Way-mail going south on the East Side R. R. for Oregon and Southern California arrives daily at 4:10 p. m. Closes at 6:45 a. m.

West Side R. R. for Hillsboro and Forest Grove, arrives daily at 6 p. m. Closes at 7:15 a. m.

The Dalles and Eastern Oregon, Washington Territory and Idaho arrives daily (Sunday excepted) between 4 and 8 p. m. Closes at 9 p. m.

Kalama, Olympia, St. Helens, Cathlamet, Rainier, Astoria, arrives daily (Sunday excepted) at about 6 p. m. Closes at 9:15 a. m.

Sauvie's Island, Mount Coffin, Skamoekawaw, Cathlamet, Eagle Cliff, Oak Point, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday; arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; between 3 and 6 p. m. Closes at 9:30 a. m.

Scappoose, Westport, Columbia City, Willamette Slough, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 6 p. m. Closes at 9:30 a. m.

Knappa, leaves Thursday; arrives Friday about 6 p. m. Closes at 9:30 a. m.

Lafayette, via Tualatin, Middleton and Newburg, closes Friday at 5 a. m.; arrives Saturday 7 p. m.

Salem, via Damascus, Eagle Creek, Cunningsville, Butte Creek mill, Silverton, leaves Friday at 6 a. m. arrives Wednesday at 6 p. m. Closes 9 p. m.

Scholl's Ferry, leaves Saturday; arrives Monday at 10 a. m. Closes at 10 a. m.

White Salmon, W. T., leaves Saturday; arrives Monday at 4 p. m.

Sitka, Alaska, once a month.

San Francisco, Cal. by steamer, tri-monthly.

Hood River and Shell Rock (Oregon) leave Saturday at 5 A. M.; arrive Monday evening.

Coos Bay mails arrive Tuesday and Friday, and going connect at Roseburg Monday and Thursday.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

C Harkson, Cal	J Sandford, Cal
M Sheppard, Salem	R S Hall, "
S E Davis, "	G A Sheppard, Gervis
G P Holman, "	G W Clark, Junction
H Johnson, Lafayette	W Dudley, Yamhill
S Martin, Oswego	E L Smith, C R R
C E Clark, Eugene	J G Walker, Dallas
T M Gallop, Minn	R James, "
Miss J Riley, Wash'n	M Parrish, "
J Rodgers, W T	

NATIONAL HOTEL.

L Stamp, Sauvies Island	T O Hutchinson, Indep'e
W Wholesapple	A Thompson, Clackamas
J H Swager, Oak City	H Davis, Astoria
C English, "	J Sydon, Cathlamet
W Piper, Salem	J G Fleming, Cape Horn
J Bryan, Butteville	J Cash, Chehalis
W A Grisell, "	J M Huff, Albany
G W Woodham, Lewis R	

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

J W Lord, Carr's Landing	B Clark, Eugene
T Neist, "	M Jones, Washburn
J J Ryan, Butteville	D Dalgleish, Brownsville
W S Reed, Silverton	J M Huff, Albany
J McBride, St Helens	Miss R Townsend, Salem
J Bacolin, "	Miss T Leamer, "
D H Hannah, Tacoma	M Leamer, "
J Lovett & wf, Ind	S M Hatch, Hubbard
J S Sullivan, "	J H Linn, Eagle Cliff
J Anderson, Hillsboro	J D Embree, Brooklyn
W Hindle, "	D Herrington, Dallas
J Crowl & wf, Kalama	B Teele, Lake river
J O Brien, "	W G Scoggin, Gaston

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

S A Clark, Salem	J K Cronin, Astoria
H R Morgan, "	P Mallicks, "
A Sykes, "	A Nelson, "
J Welch, "	J Welch, "
J Stanley, "	M Galland, Butteville
A R Kennedy, Victoria	F Belersdorf, Oregon City
Miss Coutts, "	S T Collins, Col river
S H Marsh, Cathlamet	A Leighley, "
	J W Lou, "

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

G W Walling, Oswego	F D Winston, St Helens
Mrs Russell & son, Astoria	Mrs J C Dorsy, Cathlamet
S D Adair, "	C McDonald, Dallas
B Hamburger, "	W H Holmes, "
J Adair, "	M W Mitchell, Col
J H Swager, Col City	J H Fitzpatrick, "
C English, "	M E Kandle, Clackamas
W Hadley, "	W Kandle, "
T B Handley, McMinnville	L Scott, "
L Johns, Vancouver	W F Benson, Rye Valley
S Smith, Cornelius	W S Gibson, Salem
D M Risdon, Eugene	G Daniels, Oak Point
C C Chapman, S F	

REMOVED.

C. H. MYERS,
PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,
HAS REMOVED TO
Corner Front and Taylor Streets.
The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

WANTS.

SHEEP HERDER WANTED.
ONE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN THE business preferred. Apply at G. A. YOUNG'S Saloon, First st., bet. Pine and Oak. mar18dtf

FOR SALE.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE.
THE FINEST GROCERY TRADE IN THE CITY for sale at a bargain. The owners are making money and business increasing every day. Satisfactory reasons for selling. No bonus required. Stock quite small at present. For particulars inquire of WOODWARD & GILLETTE, Agents. m12d6t

FOR SALE,
A GOOD FRAME HOUSE, HARD FINISHED, containing six rooms, kitchen and pantries, barn, wood and chicken houses. Four or six lots, with good picket fence and shrubbery and good well of water; all in good order. Situated in the Additional Donation Land Claim. The above will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to J. C. HAWTHORNE, East Portland, March 11, 1875. mar20

OYSTERS.

The Best Season of the Year to Eat
OYSTERS!
At no time of the year are the SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS in better order than during the present month. Call at the "Fat King of Oystermen," ROSCO."
EASTERN OYSTERS fresh by every steamer.
"GEM SALOON."

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET,
N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated
Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties
ARE SERVED.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON
IS KEPT BY OLD WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his employers and all who visited said place, is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place, which he regards will be exceptionally on First class principles

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 19, 1875.

TERMS OF THE OREGONIAN.

Rates of Subscription (Payable in Advance) Postage Prepaid at this office:

DAILY.		WEEKLY.	
One Year, by mail	$10 00	One Year, by mail	$3 00
Per month	1 00	Six Months	2 00
By carrier, per week	25c	Three	1 00

Remittances may be made by Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter, at our risk.

Be sure to give Postoffice address in full, including State and County.

Address, OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., Portland, Oregon.

ON A HUMAN SKULL.

A human skull! I bought it passing cheap—
Dirt-cheap, to tell the truth, for my employer;
I thought mortality did well to keep
Somewhat memento of the Old Destroyer.

Time was, some may have prized its blooming skin;
Her lips were wood, perhaps, in transport tender;
Some may have chuck'd what was a dimpled chin,
And never had a doubt about its gender!

Did she live yesterday, or aged back?
Whose brain, for years, were this cranium waking?
And were your ringlets fair, or brown, or black,
Poor little head that long has done with aching?

It may have held—to shoot some random shots—
The brains—Eliza-Fry—or Baron Byron's;
The wits of Neil Gwynn or of Dr. Watts—
Two quoted hards! Two philanthropic sirens!

But this, I trust, is clearly understood,
If truth, or wisdom—if reflection lined,
Whoever owned this skull was not so good
Nor quite so bad as many may have stated.

Who knows can need no special type of death;
He bares his awful face too soon, too often;
Unmoved he looks on Beauty's bridal wreath,
And does not yon green cincture contain a coffin?

O true Levamine, what lines of care are these?
The fear still lingers with its golden hours:
But failing tints are on the chestnut trees,
And where is all that lavish wealth of flowers?

The end is near. Life lacks what once it gave;
Yet Death has promises that call for praises;
A very toothless rogue may dig the grave,
But hands unseen will dress the turf with daisies.

BURNING OF PORT-AU-PRINCE.

A THOUSAND FAMILIES RENDERED HOMELESS—TWO-THIRDS OF THE CITY DESTROYED—LOSS $2,000,000—DESCRIPTION OF THE CONFLAGRATION.

The steamer *Alps*, which arrived in New York, from Hayti, brings the particulars of a destructive conflagration in the city of Port-au-Prince, on the night of the 10th of February, which laid two-thirds of the city in ruins, and destroyed property to the extent of $2,000,000. Mr. Ebert, a passenger on the *Alps*, stated to a *Times* reporter that on the morning of February 11th, when the steamer *Alps* was entering the harbor of Port-au-Prince the deck hands perceived that a portion of the city was on fire. The attention of the captain and crew was at once called to the fact, and all on board were soon upon deck watching the progress of the flames. A strong wind prevailed, and as the fire spread along the wharf and slot volumes of smoke and flames high into the air, a grand but appalling spectacle presented itself from the deck of the *Alps* as she steamed into the port. The fire raged so fiercely that at the distance of over half a mile from the quay ashes and burning embers were thrown upon the deck of the vessel.

When the steamer reached her wharf at the Custom House, Mr. Ebert says that all the vessels lying along the quay were moving out from the burning city to escape from the flames. Accompanied by some of the officers and crew, he went on shore to render assistance to the terrified inhabitants. Here they were met with scenes of the most distressing and painful character. The wildest terror and excitement everywhere prevailed. Men, women and children were rushing through the streets in every direction in the hopelessness of despair. Men who went to bed the night before wealthy and independent found their property laid in ashes and all their prospects ruined. Some clasped their hands and gazed in silent amazement upon the conflagration that was turning all their earthly possessions into a heap of ashes. Others related the story of their misfortunes to those around them. One man might be seen standing over a heap of furniture with a revolver in hand, guarding the only relics of his property that had been saved from the burning wreck. Others carried bundles of clothing and valuables upon his shoulders to a place of safety, glad to be able to save anything from the flames.

Passing into the business quarters of the city along the quay, Mr. Ebert states that they found the fire drifting at such a furious rate before the wind across the blocks of frame buildings, of which Port-au-Prince is composed, that it appeared evident there was no means of arresting its progress. Exertions were made by the civil authorities to bring the fire under control, but the tiny streams of water which were poured upon the burning buildings from hose not much over an inch in diameter, only added fuel to the flames. There was no means of staying the conflagration, and such efforts as were made to extinguish the fire were utterly unavailing. A few old rusty pumps, their small engines, and hose more adapted for sprinkling the sidewalks than for putting out such a conflagration, were all that could be brought into operation.

Mr. Ebert says that great credit is due to the priests of the town for their exertions to save property and preserve order among the people. Before evening that portion of the city lying along the quay, from the entrance or northern side as far as the dock of the Atlas Steamship Company, including an area of about ten blocks in length by four in breadth, was totally destroyed. This was the most densely populated part of the city. The loss of life, however, was not very great. Mr. Ebert saw one man blown into the air by an explosion, and heard of some others having been killed or fatally injured. It is estimated that from 800 to 1,000 houses were burned down, and that as many families have been left homeless. The fire touched the docks of the Atlas Line, but did not cause any damage. Over $50,000 worth of lumber was destroyed. Part of the market-house was burned. When the *Alps* left the port, on the morning of the 12th, the fire was still burning; but, as the wind had abated, it is not considered that the flames made much progress afterward. Port-au-Prince has a population of about 25,000, and, with the exception of a few brick buildings in certain districts, the houses are built of wood. The fire originated from the explosion of a kerosene lamp in a frame building in the center of a group of similar structures containing stores of inflammable materials.

A WOMAN WHO THRIVES ON PINS.—The Kingston (N. Y.) *Freeman* says: "There is a lady in the upper part of the city who is a fine subject for scientific investigation. She is a born pin swallower. We don't mean to say she swallows belaying-pins, hair-pins, or clothes-pins, but the small pins so necessary for women in making their toilets. And the strangest part of it they agree with her, as she is waxing healthy and fat. The lady, like all women, formed the habit of holding pins in her mouth, and one day accidentally swallowed six. She was terribly alarmed and expected to die, but day after day passed by without any trouble being experienced from this strange diet, so she became quite unconcerned about it. In less than a month after nearly a dozen slipped through her lips and also moved on gracefully down her throat. No trouble whatever came from these either; and then, it seems, the woman acquired an irresistible liking for pins. She swallowed half a dozen or so every now and then, and as this diet had been continued nearly a year, she must be pretty well lined with brass. When this lady took her first meal of brass she was a slight, fragile being in very bad health. In a few weeks she began to improve, and, as we before stated, the more pins she swallowed the healthier she became."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY, EVENING, March 18, 1875.

Gold in New York, 116¾.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87; selling 88.

Legal tenders in San Francisco, 87 buying, 87½ selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin ¾ per cent. discount, currency ½ of 1 per cent. premium.

Sight exchange on New York coin ¾ of one per cent. prem., and currency ½ of one per cent.

Price of Sterling exchange in New York, $4 81@4 83.

Gold bars, 72@750.

The latest telegraphic quotations from the Liverpool wheat market are of the 12th, and give the prevailing price as 9s 11d to 9s 3d for average California, and 9s 5d @ 9s 10d for club per cental. Latest London advices, however, note an advance of 1s@2s per quarter in most European markets, induced by the lateness of the season.

The financial market as far as home interests are concerned exhibits but few changes, the feeling generally being one of rather more firmness, and it would not be at all a matter of surprise should the market rule quite close before the spring close. Our imports during the past thirty days have been quite heavy, more so than usual, and merchants are remitting money to the East as rapidly as possible while the gold premium is up, as it gives them an advantage corresponding to the advance, in transactions made on a legal tender basis. The *Herald* estimates that San Francisco, since January 1st, has forwarded treasure overland, by express, to the extent of $6,210,157, and shipped to all points 5,882,000 in excess of the like period in 1874. This is a heavy drain on the resources of our city, which Eastern contemporaries declare to be wanting in "free capital," and it would make even Wall street lament if so much gold coin were taken from its monetary reservoirs. San Francisco, however, stood up manfully to the occasion, and although the money market is just now a little close, there is yet enough for all legitimate requirements. Portland has also forwarded a very large sum to the same time, and this drain of specie from the coast though not yet having produced any general embarrassment in commercial circles, is certain to be felt in due time by the people of Oregon as well as her sister State.

If the negotiations for securing aid to the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, reported to be in progress, are effected, it will be the good fortune of those engaged in making them, as all classes of American securities in Europe are now very low, with the single exception of U. S. bonds. Other securities have been much depreciated during more than a year past, more especially those based on railroads. Capitalists of that country have been more willing to embark in enterprises anywhere else than in the United States. The immense difference between the requirements for 1873 and those for 1874, is shown by the London *Bankers' Magazine*, which gives the following figures: Capital required by new home companies in 1872, £44,781,000; in 1873, £14,574,744; in 1874, £20,512,480. Here is a decrease of more than one-half in one year. Capital required for foreign loans in 1872, £227,781,825; in 1873, £128,810,700; and in 1874 only £29,140,000, showing a decrease of over one hundred millions sterling a year.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—That there is a better feeling in the market than has prevailed for some time, especially as far as the demand is concerned, though offers to sell are not that largely enough transactions are taking place to establish quotations. The two lots of new reported selling at that figure were warranted as saying that the rise on $1 37½ per cental would be paid for wheat delivered here in sacks. The most important transaction coming to light is the sale in San Francisco of 500 tons Oregon wheat to be shipped per schooner Hera, now in port, at $1 20 per cental, which leaves a fair margin for the seller under present current rates.

OATS—We have no means of knowing the surplus of this cereal in our State, but are of the opinion that it could be found quite large, as prices put up to a figure which would induce holders to "show down." At present there is a fair demand in this market at 45@48c per bushel, with but few offering. They are reported to be in good order. In Albany than buyers are paying here, and appearances indicate that some body is getting up a "corner."

FLOUR—The market has undergone no important change since our last weekly review, the supply being only moderate and holders firm in demanding full quotations of $5 25@5 50 per barrel, for jobbing lots of standard extras; $4 for good to choice and country brands, and $3 50@3 75 for superfine.

BARLEY—The demand is fair for local consumption, but receipts very light. Quotable nominally as last week at $1 25 @ hundred lbs. for good feed and $1 35@1 40 for choice brewing.

MILL-FEED—There is an apparent improvement in the demand and trade is active at $25@27 50 per ton for middlings—bran, $12@13; chops, $25@27 50; shorts, $22 oil cake, $30.

POTATOES—There has been a slight decline and lots have been coming in freely, but good to choice timothy, selling at $12@13 per ton.

POTATOES—There is a fair demand for good lots for planting, at 70@75c per bushel, the range of quotations being 70@75c.

ONIONS—A more active movement has taken place during the week than was anticipated. Prices for jobbing are $1 25@1 50 @ 100 lbs for best varieties.

APPLES RIPE—Notwithstanding the fear that the frost had spoiled most of the surplus, receipts have been free, and those in the fruit-growing districts have been fully 4,000 boxes. Choice lots assorted and neatly packed command $1 per box, loose from wagons quotable at 50@55c.

DRIED FRUITS—There is only a small demand at low rates: Apples @ lb in sacks, 2@3c; in boxes, 3@4c.

BACON—The supply continues rather in excess of the current demand and sales are dull. Sides are quotable at 11@11½c @ lb, hams 13@14c; shoulders, 8@9c.

LARD—There is a fair demand for a good article in tierces or tins, full weight, at 12½@13½c @ lb.

POULTRY—Prices are nearly as last given, with a downward tendency, and quotations must be according to quality. Choice dairy is in brisk demand. Common is more plentiful.

EGGS—Are slightly falling off in receipts is noted, and quotations are furnished at 17@18c @ doz.

CHICKENS—Choice lots of full grown are worth $4 50 @ dozen; common and mixed, $3 50@4.

DRESSED HOGS—The packing season having closed, the only demand is for the home trade and is not brisk at 6@6½c @ lb.

BEEF CATTLE—There have been but few arrivals of choice lots during the past week, and prices, prices have advanced 1@1½c @ lb net and for good; ordinary quotable at 5@5½c.

MUTTON SHEEP—There are very few lots offering, and fellow are worth $3 25@3 75 @ head, and some at the extreme of 4.

HIDES AND FURS—A duller demand for shipping purposes prevails and receipts are light. We quote for choice dry 15@16c @ lb; green salted, green, 8½c; culls, 10@12c; dry calf, 12@14c; kips, 18@20c @ lb dried, and 50@75c apiece green; mink skins, 40@50c; otter, $2@5; beaver, 75c@$1.

WOOL—Very few transactions are taking place; best grades quotable at 20@22c @ lb; common to fair lots, 16@18c.

Shipping Intelligence.

The Br. ship Isa Rascoes, began loading for Europe, at the Gas Co's dock to-day.

The coasters Hera, Wetfoot and Mendocino are at Flanders' dock—the two latter discharging freight.

The schooner Hera will load wheat for San Francisco.

The Br. ship Parsee and the bark Midas crossed the bar, outward bound, on Wednesday.

The Br. ship Euterpe, under charter to the Oregon State Grange, will finish loading at Astoria this week.

The Br. bark Achievement, laden with wheat for Liverpool, the last to sail of the Oregon grain fleet of 1873-74, has arrived at her destination. The Achievement sailed hence the second week in July and put into San Francisco for repairs, proceeding from that port on her voyage. Oct. 2 and arrived at Liverpool on the 11 of March, being 129 days from San Francisco, and about 250 days from Portland.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18—Sailed—Schr, Dreadnought, Astoria; ship Rienzi, Liverpool; str Constitution, Panama; brig Deacon, Seattle.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Flour—Extra, $5@5 87½.

Wheat—Good shipping, $1 62½; extremes, $1 60@1 70.

Oats—$1 50@1 75.

Hay—Tame oat, $13; choice wheat, $16.

Barley—$1 40@1 55.

Potatoes—Tomtits, 2½; Petaluma, $1 75; best, $1 80.

Onions—Stockton yellow $1 20.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Trade is quiet and prices for seasonable goods firm at current quotations. Mitchell Wagons, $120@145; Balls, 3-inch to 4-inch thimble skein, $120 to $160; Pacific, do, $120@150. Seasonable Goods are in full supplies.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap, standard, 12½@13c; Flour, grades, 9½@10c; bfskts, 8c@15½c. Grain, 10½ oz, 22c@c; 14@15c; Oat, 25@30; 11@15c; 28@30c. Linsiee, Flax Seed, 21@25c. Hop; Wool, 9½@10c; 60@65; Burlaps, 40 inch, 10, 10½, 11, 11½ and 12 oz, 10@11c; Seaming Twine, 3 ply, best, 40@45c; Roping, 9@9½c. Best Webfoot, 2-4 cloth boots, 84 Dutch Carpeting and Matting, 25c; Table Baizes, 10 yard lengths, wood and bronze patterns, 56 per piece.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks on hand embrace full assortment; trade light, yet an active call for the favorite brands. Like the Cordova Slip and the genuine Webfoot boots; for Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' wear the Button Boots take the lead. We quote Webfoot, 2-4 cloth boots, $3@$4; Granger 4-4 do do boots, $4 50@$5; Mohawk Standing boots, $7 50@$9; Calf Dress boots, 4s & 5s, $5@$6; Boys' Cordova boots, $3; Boys' Split do, $2; Rubber do, $4@$7; Knee, $4@$5. Hibbard's hand made boots, Oregon manufacture, Calfskins, kips as tap pg $6; do do 4 ds pg $8; Oregon kips as and tap pg $8; do do ½ ds sewed $5, pg $8; Fr calf pg and sewed $7@$9; Fr calf P. S. $8@$9; Phila. calf as $6@$7 50; Fr kip extra, $8@$9; Men's Oxfords $3@$4; Women's calf balmorals $3@$4; Misses do $2 50@$2 75; Men's machine closed boots, $4@$6.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Mill prices delivered in the city are, for Lumber, rough $12 per M; edged $14; Surface Sheathing, $15; Clear, $20; rustic, $25; flooring, $22 00; roofing, $17 50; seasoned flooring, $25, one side planed, $30; four sides planed, $32; sidewalk and wharf flooring, $31; Ladies, $5; Pickets, 1½ inch lineal per 100 lineal feet; Lattice, 75c per 100; Shingles, $2 50@3 per M.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters, $2 25@$2 75; Jams and Jellies, $4 00; Lee Angeles Honey, $1 00; Strawberries, $1 00; Cherries, $1 25; Blackberries, $1 00; Pine Apple, $3 00; Green Gage, $3 75@$4; Peaches, $1 00@$1 25; Pie Fruit, $3@$3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3@$3 75. Canned $4 Green Corn $3 00@$3 25; Tomatoes, $2 00. Quinces, $3.

CEMENT, &c.—New Jersey, $6; Calcine Plaster, $3; Land Plaster, $2 00; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 50; San Juan Lime, $3; English Portland Cement, $6 75; Hoffman's New York Cement, $5.

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica, 25; Guatemala, 25@27½; Mexican, 24; J. F. Jones & Co's Ground Java, 32c; Ground, 33c; Phœnix Premium, 22½@23c. Rio, 23c. Java, 30c.

DRUGS—Jobbing rates are for Acid Citric 2l 50c@$1 00 per lb; Acid Tartaric, 75c; Alcohol, Eastern, 95 per cent, $2 20 per gal; Blue Vitriol, 11@12c. Borax, refined 20c; Carbolic Sheep Dip, $2 10 per gal; Castile Soap mottled, 14c per lb; White 20@30c. Corrosive Sublimate, $2 10 per lb. Cream Tartar, 50@52. Epsom Salts, 10@10c per lb. Ext Logwood, 16@25. Gum Camphor, 75@85c. Gum Opium, $19 50 per lb. Gum Shellac, $1 10. Indigo, Bengal, $2 25@$2 50. Manila, $1 50@$1 75. Madder, 20@22c. Saltpetre, 9@12c. Sassafras, 9@12c. Soda, bi-carb, 8½@9c. Strychnine, $2 75 per oz; Sulphur, flour, per lb.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 10½@10c; sheetings, light, 10c; medium, 12½c; standard 14@15c; heavy drilling, 15c; bleached sheeting, 12½ @13c; do, 9-4, 19@20c; do, 10-4, 12½@13c; Cotton Checks, 11@12c; linen, checked, 18@20c; canvrics, 16@18c; Cotton flannel, bleached, 16@20c; do, brown, 12½@18c; Cotton sheetings, light, 20@22c; do, heavy, 12½@16c; Denims, 16@20c; Hickory stripes, 12½@35c; Standard prints, 9c; Delaines, 18@20c; Ginghams, 20@ 22½c; Ticks, 24@12½@36; do, 8-4, 20@28; Bear Duck, 24c; Table Linen, damask, brown, 35@60c; damask, bleached, 50@$1; Diaper Linen, 30@37½c; Alpaca, black, 25@37½c; Waterproof, $1 15@$1 25; Cotton Flannel, 10@18c; Gingham—Domestic, 16@20c; Scotch, 22@30; Lawns 15@27c; Percales, 16@30.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 8c; Eastern, 9c; Mackerel, No. 1, 3 bf bl, $10 50; do 2, $9 50; do 3, $8 50; Salmon, half bbls, $10 50; do whole, $20; Herring, Scaled, 15c; Lake, Flax Seed, 21x36, 13c; Wood, 9½ in, 40@50; 60@65; Burlaps, 40 inch, 10, 10½, 11, 11½ and 12 oz, 10@11c; Seaming Twine, 3 ply, best, 40@45c; Roping, 9@9½c. Best Webfoot, 2-4 cloth boots, 84 Dutch Carpeting and Matting, 25c; Table Baizes, 10 yard lengths, wood and bronze patterns, 56 per piece.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks on hand embrace full assortment; trade light, yet an active call for the favorite brands. Like the Cordova Slip and the genuine Webfoot boots; for Ladies', Misses' and Childrens' wear the Button Boots take the lead. We quote Webfoot, 2-4 cloth boots, $3@$4; Granger 4-4 do do boots, $4 50@$5; Mohawk Standing boots, $7 50@$9; Calf Dress boots, 4s & 5s, $5@$6; Boys'

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

Subscriptions to the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN may be remitted direct to the office by registered letter, (the charge being only 8 cents), or paid to the following agents:

L. P. Fisher, (Advertising Agent).....San Francisco.
T. N. Hibben & Co.....Victoria.

Oregon.

Cyrus Smith.....Aurora
Thos. Smith.....Auburn
S. E. Young.....Albany
J. M. McCall.....Ashland
I. W. Case.....Astoria
E. C. Holden.....
Stephen Smith.....Aurora
E. W. Reynolds, Hungerford.....
Kelty & Hayley.....Bethel
W. E. Kirk.....Brownsville
J. W. Hobart, Buena Vista
G. A. Cone, Sr.....Butteville
S. S. Handsaker, P. M. Butteville
Disappointment
M. Fried.....Butte Creek
John Edery.....Believue
Wm. Cusick.....Canby
W. Carl.....Carlton
J. T. Gilfry, P. M. Cresswell
Hazley.....Canyonville
E. W. Gillespie, Clatskanie
W. B Clarke, Cole's Valley
F. A. Chenoweth.....Corvallis
Thos. Graham.....Corvallis
Hon. B. Whitney.....Canyon City
Canyon City
G. C. Lindfield.....Grand Ronde
Dayton
J. D. Lee.....Dallas
Waldron Bros.....Dallesc'ity
J. W. Kreamer.....Dayton
D. Morse, Jr.....Demaris' Mill
T. G. Hendricks.....Eugene
H. A. Breyman.....Fairfield
J. F. Pierce.....Greenville
W. P. Smith.....Halsey
Riley Cates.....Hillsboro
Smith, Brasfield & Co.
Harrisburg
A. B. Gleason.....Hubbard's
M. M. Mcfrin.....Gardiner
S. V. J. Handsaker, Goshen
W. L. Hedgkin.....Independence.

Idaho.

D. C. Keller, Fort Lapwai
Postmaster.....Mount Idaho

Washington Territory.

Chas. Brady.....Bruceport
H. Howe.....Colville
G. J. Hogbe, P. M. Chuquats
J. C. Davenport.....Colfax
G. W. Miller, P. M. Dayton
C. Johnson.....Goldendale
E. G. Ingalls.....Kalama
M. F. Callender, Knappton
J. E. Conner.....La Conner
Crosby & Lowe.....Olympia
John Crellin, Jr. Oysterville
Jas. Seavey, P. M.....Port Townsend

MARKETS.

REID & VESTAL,

BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to be

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

COR. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third.

PLOWS.

GARDEN CITY CLIPPER PLOWS.

Improved for 1874.

WE HAVE IN STOCK AND ARE RECEIVING full supplies of the above celebrated Plows, which we warrant

Superior to any Plow offered for Sale in Oregon.

We have also the

GARDEN CITY SULKY PLOW,

Cutting 16 inches with a three-horse Evener.

We invite special attention to this Plow, and challenge any party in the United States to produce its equal. Send for our Circular.

T. CUNNINGHAM & CO.,
Salem, Oregon.

RAILROAD LANDS.

LIBERAL TERMS!
LOW PRICES!
LONG TIME!
LOW INTEREST!

THE OREGON & CALIFORNIA RAILROAD CO offer their Lands for sale upon the following liberal terms: one tenth of the price in cash, interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent. one year after sale; and each following year one-tenth of the principal and interest on the balance at the rate of seven per cent. per annum. Both principal and interest payable in U. S. Currency.

A discount of ten per cent. will be allowed for cash.

Address letters and applications for land: To the Land Department of the O. & C. R. R., Portland, Oregon.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

CONTINUALLY ARRIVING,

Vegetable, Flower, Grass and Tree Seeds

Of every desirable variety

FRESH, TRUE TO NAME, and ALWAYS TO BE RELIED UPON.

For sale, Wholesale or Retail, by

B. F. WELLINGTON,
IMPORTER & DEALER IN SEEDS,
425 Washington st., San Francisco, Cal.
12:2m

H. H. CARPENTER,

Not new Store but New Goods!

N. E. Corner First and Yamhill Streets.

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

LAMPS AND LANTERNS,

And a Fine Assortment of

VASES AND FANCY GOODS.

Also, GROCERIES, CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c.

H. H. CARPENTER.

Portland, Nov. 28, 1874. 1:2dawtf

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between the undersigned under the firm name of DAVIS & SCHUYLER is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Ph. C. Schuyler retiring therefrom. All debts due the late firm become the property of T. A. Davis & Co., by whom all liabilities will be settled.

T. A. DAVIS.
PH. C. SCHUYLER.

Portland, Oregon, Feb. 1, 1875.

Referring to the above, the undersigned give notice that they have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of T. A. DAVIS & CO., for the purpose of continuing the business of the late firm of Davis & Schuyler at the old stand, No. 71 Front street.

T. A. DAVIS.
F. K. ARNOLD.

Portland, Oregon, Feb. 1, 1875. 2c:dawtawm

JAMES MOORE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

321 and 323 Front street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Special attention paid to the sale of

FLOUR, GRAIN, WOOL, HIDES, &c.

Oregon Consignments solicited.

Refers to Messrs. J. McCRAKEN & Co, Portland. 50:6m

S. H. CLAUGHTON,

Notary Public and Real Estate Agent,

LEBANON, OREGON.

Also, Dealer in General Merchandise.

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.		Geese	1 50
Oranges, @ doz	75c@1 00	Turkeys	2 50
Limes, @ doz	25		
Cocoanuts, each	10	CANNED GOODS.	@ doz.
Opn. Grapes @ lb		Oysters, 2lb cans	1 00@1 50
Cranberries, @ gal	75c	do 1lb	75@1 00
Lemons, @ doz	1 00@1 50	Lobsters, 2lb cans	2 00
Peaches, @ lb		do 1lb cans	2 50@3 00
Apples, @ box	90c@1 00	Sardines, quarter	3 50@4 00
Plums, @ lb	none	do half	6 00@7 00
DRIED FRUIT.		Clams	4 50@5 00
Figs, Cal	10@20	Grn corn, 2lb cans	3 00@3 50
Figs, Asiatic, new	35@50	" Peas, 2lb cans	4 00@4 50
Figs, Cal, old	20@30	do Beans, 2lb cans	2 50@4 00
Apples	3	Tomatoes, 2lb cans	2 50@3 50
Plums, pitless	15@18	Peaches, 2lb cans	4 00@4 75
Prunes, Ger. & Fr	20@25	Pine apples, 2lb cans	4 50@5 00
Pears	12@13	Strawberries, "	4 00@4 50
Bananas, @ doz		Blackberries, "	4 00@5 00
GROCERIES.		Jellies, in tins	4 50@5 50
Coffee, ground, @ lb	25@30	Jams, in tins	4 50@6 00
do green, G. R.	none	Mushrooms, @ doz	6 50
do Rio	none		
do Java	30	SAUCES, ETC.	@ doz. pts. qts.
do Mocha	none	Worcester Sauce	5 00@9 00
do Kona	35	Catsup, Tomato	2 50@3 50
Sugar, crushed	14½@15	do Mushroom	3 00@5 00
do pulverized	15@16	Capers	4 50@6 00
do granulated	15@16	Curry Powders	4 50@6 00
do Island No. 1	13½@14	Mustard, Eng	2 50@3 50
do No 2	9@10	do Cal	2 50@3 00
do extra	13½	Pickles, English, pts	6 10
Milk, condensed	27	qts	9 00
Candles, Sperm, mant	33@37	NUTS.	
do Paraffine	33@37	Almonds	18
do Sperm	62	Walnuts	12½
Oil, Kerosene, @ gal	40	Brazil	25@30
Syrup, Golden, @ gal	75	Filberts	20@25
Tea— @ lb		Peanuts	7½@10
Gunpowder	25@1 50	Pecans	25
Imperial	25@1 50	Chesnuts	10
Young Hyson	100@1 50	Hickory	10½
Hyson	100@1 25	GAME.	
Eng. Breakfast	1 00	Ducks, wild @ pair	62@75
Japan	60@1 50	Geese	1 50
PROVISIONS, ETC.		Brant	1 00
Butter— @ lb		Grouse	1 00
Fancy Dairy	50	Pheasants	62
Good	25@30	Venison, @ lb	
Ordinary	18@22½	FISH.	
Cooking	15	Eastern Cod @ lb	12½
Cheese, California	25	Bonito	8@10
do Eastern	25	Pacific Cod	8@10
do Oregon	25	Sturgeon	25
Hams, country	18	Salmon	5@10
do city	18@20	Smoked Cod	12½
do Sugar-cured	18@20	Mackerel, kit	50@1 50
Shoulders	10@11	Fresh Oysters, @ 100	50
Bacon, clear sides	10	VEGETABLES.	
do Breakfast	15@16	Squash, Cal. @ lb	
Lard—		Beets	3
Pure Leaf in tins	15@17½	Onions	2@2½
Good, in tins	15	Carrots	2
In bulk	13	Turnips	2
Honey, Yellow comb	25	Blackberries, @ gal	00
do white	37½	Cherries, @ lb	00
Eggs, @ doz	20	Cabbage, @ doz	00
BREADSTUFFS.		Cauliflower	2 00@3 00
Flour— @ bbl.		Potatoes	1½
Fancy brands	5 50	Asparagus	00
Choice	5 25	Lettuce, @ doz	00
Common	5 12½@5 25	MEATS.	
Graham, extra	5 50	Beef, @ lb	8@10
Corn meal, Cal, @ lb	4c	do Choice cut	10@12
do Oregon	4c5	Mutton	8@12½
POULTRY.		Veal	10@12½
Hens, grown, @ pr	1 00	Pork	10@12½
Roosters	1 00		
Spring chickens	75		
Ducks, tame	1 25		

Street Improvements.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the City of Portland proposes to improve the following named streets, by planking the roadway full width, with new sidewalks where necessary.

Yamhill Street—from the west line of First street to the east line of Fourth street.

Stark Street—from the west line of Second street to the east line of Fourth street.

Oak Street—from the west line of First street to the center line of Third street.

Pine street—from the west line of First street to the east line of Fourth street.

Ash Street—from the west line of First street to the center line.

C, D and Estrects—from the east line of North Front street to the east line of North Fourth street.

Second Street—from the north line of Ash street to the south line of Taylor street.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.
March 5, 1875. mar6d10

LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.
*Auburn,
*Augusta,
*Baker City,
Clarksville,
Express Ranch
Elderman,
Humboldt Basin
Jordan Valley,
Pritchard's
Rye Valley,
Stone,
Wingville.

Benton.
Alsea Valley,
Drift Creek,
Corvallis,
King's Valley,
Luckiamute,
Monroe,
Newport,
Newton
Philomath,
Summit,
Toledo,
Yaquina.

Clackamas.
Beaver,
Butte Creek,
Canby,
Clackamas,
Clear Creek,
Cottonville,
Damascus,
Eagle Creek,
Glad Tidings,
Highland,
Mohalin,
Milwaukie,
Sandy,
Scotts,
Oregon City,
Oswego,
Sandy,
Springwater,
Zion,
Milla,

Clatsop.
*Astoria,
Clifton,
Cecil,
Knappa,
Nahalem,
Skipanon,
Seaside House,
Westport.

Coos.
Coos River,
Coquille,
Coos City,
Dora,
Empire City,
Enchant d'Prairie
Fairview,
Henryville,
Hermansville,
Iowa Slough,
Marshfield,
Ott,
Randolph,
Silkin,
Sitkum,
Utter City.

Columbia.
Columbia City,
Clatskanie,
Mist Island,
Rainier,
Riverside,
St. Helens,
Warren,
Yankton Island,
Scappoose.

Curry.
Chetcoe,
Ellensburg,
Port Orford.

Douglas.
Camas Valley,
Cleveland,
Coles Valley,
N. Canyonville,
Drain,
Elkton,
Galesville,
Gardiner,
Looking Glass,
Myrtle Creek,
Oakland,
Pass Creek,
*Roseburg.

Gilliam.
Arlington,
Butteville,
Hepkins,
Gervais,
Hillsboro,
Hillsboro's,
Jefferson,
Marion,
Monitor,
Newberg,
Newburgville,
Salem,
Silverton,
Stayton,
St. Paul,
Sublimity,
Turner,
Woodburn.

Polk.
Bethel,
Buena Vista,
*Dallas,
Eola,
Ellc Horn,
Fanny Rondo,
Independence,
Lincoln,
Luckiamute,
Lewisville,
Monmouth,
Perrydale,
Rickreall,
Zena.

Tillamook.
Garibaldi,
Kilchis,
Nelarts,
Nestuccton,
Tillamook,
Trask.

Umatilla.
Butter Creek
Hepner,
Meadowville,
Lena,
Milton,
Pilot Rock,
Pendleton,
Umatilla,
Weston,
Wildcreek,
Willow Forks.

Union.
Cove,
Island City,
*La Grande,
Lemahi,
Lopez,
Orcle Island,
Sanish,
Senilahimoo,
Ship Harbor,
Skogit,
Whatcom,
Guemas.

Wasco.
Antelope,
Bridge Creek,
Boyd River,
Prineville,
Marion,
Mt. Hood,
Scotts,
Sholtreek,
Spanish Hollow,
The Dalles,
Warm Springs,
Wasco,
Willoughby.

Washington.
Beaverton,
Cedar Mill,
Cornelius,
Dilley,
*Forest Grove,
Glenwood,
Greenville,
Hillsboro,
Joppa,
Middleton,
Mountain Dale,
Peake,
Sholl's Ferry,
Tualatin's Ferry,
Wapato,
West Union.

Yamhill.
Amity,
Bellevue,
Carleton,
Dayton,
*Lafayette,
*McMinnville,
North Yamhill,
St. Joe,
Sheridan,
West Chehalem,
Wheatland,
Newberg.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Chilleu Co.
Neah Bay,
New Dungeness,
Port Angeles,

Clarke.
Battle Ground,
Brush Prairie,
Fourth Plain,
Lewis River,
Pioneer,
Union Ridge,
*Vancouver,
Washougal,

Chehalis.
Cedarville,
Chehalis Point,
Elma,
Hoquiam,
Montesano,
Oakville,
Satsop,
Sharon,

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock,
Carrolton,
Freeport,
Kalama,
Lower Cowlitz,
Monticello,
Mt. Coffin,
Oak Point,
Pekin,

Island.
Coupeville,
Crockett,
Usualady.

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow,
*Port Townsend.

King.
Black River,
Dwamish,
Lowell,
Middleton,
Renton,
Slaughter,
Snoqualmie,
Squak,
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely,
Port Madison,
Port Gamble,
Port Orchard,
Seabeck,

Klickitat.
Block House,
Columbus,
Goldendale,
Mickliint City.